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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1212135-0
Total Deleted Page(s) = 48
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Bland Rampton

SAC, New York (100-144189)

April 2, 1962

Director, FBI (100-434819)

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC. INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ReNYlet 3-22-62 requesting Bureau authority to interview John Henrik Clarke concerning his association with captioned organization.

Authority to conduct this interview at this time is denied. Relet describes Clarke as an editor of "Freedomways," the new Negro quarterly. Because of this association New York should reopen its file on Clarke and conduct appropriate investigation to determine Clarke's activities in this regard. The Bureau should be furnished a resume of the information obtained along with recommendations as to whether an investigation of Clarke is warranted. This information should be furnished under Clarke's caption with a copy designated for the Bureau file on Freedomways Associates, Inc.

1 - New York 97-2204 (John Henrik Clarke)

NOTE ON YELLOW:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

Relet requests authority to interview Clarke concerning his association with Freedomways Associates, Inc. Bureau file on Clarke indicates he was subject of a Registration Act case which was closed in February, 1962, following an interview of Clarke. As a result of this interview which was conducted in January, 1962, the New York

the Bureau or other Government agencies. additional information was furnished in relet indicating

- 97-4575 (John Henrik Clarke)

NOT RECORDED - 136 AFR 10 1962

SEE NOTE ON YELLOW CONTINUED PAGE TWO

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Letter to New York
RE: FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.
100-434819

NOTE ON YELLOW: CONTINUED:	* of ourse demonstrated class a demonstration of the contraction of th

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	2/2/62	1/10 - 1/20/62	
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY	Y	TYPED BY
. 0	,			.1
JOHN HENRIK	CLARKE	CHARACTER C	DF CASE	
		RA - CUB	A - EAST GERMANY	
				ь6 ь7С

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REFERENCES:

NY report of SA 12/1/61.

- C -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

It will be noted that during the course of the interview CLARKE was asked if he would cooperate with the FBI if something came to his attention in the Harlem area which he felt that the Government should know about. His answer was that he did not care to get involved in anything since he was too busy trying to earn a living.

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

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Request Record
Date Fwd.
How Fwd.

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SPECIAL AGENT
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The NYO does not feel that CLARKE

he does not care to cooperate with the Bureau or other government agencies. Since all outstanding investigation in the case has been completed, it is being placed in a closed status subject to immediate reopening if information is received that the subject's activities are inimical to the best interests of the US.

FD 204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

D STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6 b7C

Copy to:

Report of:

Date:

2/2/62

Field Office File #:

97-2204

Bureau File ∦:

Office:

97-4575

New York, New York

Title:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

Character:

REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA - EAST GERMANY

Synopsis:

CLARKE interviewed 1/10/62, and gave details of his trip to Cuba. CLARKE denied ever writing brochures or pamphlets for any foreign government dealing with racial conditions in the US. CLARKE denied any knowledge of the riot that occurred at the UN Headquarters, NYC, 1961, and also denied ever having

membership in the CP. Description set forth.

C -

DETAILS:



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 1/17/62

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE advised that he visited Cuba at the behest of a cultural committee in Cuba who sponsored the trip of various writers and journalists. He stated he spent approximately eight days in Cuba visiting various historic sites. He advised that he wanted to go, not because he was impressed by the Cuban revolution, but because he was impressed by the fact that people who had lived in abject poverty all their lives, as he had done throughout his childhood, were able to do something to better themselves. He advised that his expenses were all paid for by this cultural committee in Cuba. He related that he could not recall the exact date of his visit but believed it was a few days prior to the July 26th celebration and a few days after the celebration in 1960. Mr. CLARKE declared that it was the understanding of all the writers who made this trip to Cuba that they were perfectly free to write anything that they wished to and that they were not pressured to slant their writings regarding the trip.

CLARKE advised that he was never approached by anyone to write a pamphlet or a brochure regarding racial conditions in the United States for publication in Cuba. He stated that while he was visiting in Cuba he had spoken to several editors about racial problems and he told them that he believed that American authorities or American writers should be the ones who would write about racial problems in the United States to clear up any misconceptions or misinformation that the Cuban people may have had about this condition. He advised

201 Est 69th Street, On 1/10/62 at New York, New York File # NY 97 2204
SAS
by
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that sometime after his return from Cuba he heard from these editors and he sent them a copy of his book entitled "The Black Christ", which book consists of seventeen short stories. He advised that he never heard from the editors again nor does he know if his book was reprinted in the Spanish language in Cuba.

Mr. CLARKE stated that he never had a thing to do with, nor did he have any knowledge of the riot which occurred at the United Nations during Ambassador STEVENSON s speech. He stated that the first thing he knew about this incident that occurred at the United Nations was when he road of it in the newspapers.

Mr. CLARKE advised that he was never approached directly by anyone from a European publishing house to publish or to write any type of pamphlet or brochure regarding conditions in the United States. He did state, however, that approximately one year ago a friend of his, unnamed, in Chicago advised CLARKE that a publisher in Czechoslovakia was interested in publishing material on Africa. This friend suggested to CLARKE that perhaps this Czechoslovakian publisher would be interested in CLARKE's book entitled "Great African Chiefs." CLARKE advised that this book of his has never been published and he has spent a great deal of time and effort in an endeavor to have it published. He sent a copy of his book, "Great African Chiefs" to this Czechoslovakian publisher and has never heard from them since. CLARKE stated that he was never approached by any foreign government either in Europe or anywhere else to write any type of pamphlet or brochure dealing with problems in the United States or anything having to do with Africa.

When questioned as to whether or not he had ever been a member of the Communist Party of the United States, CLARKE stated that he had never belonged to this party at any time in his life.

CLARKE stated that he had been a subscriber to the "Daily Worker" but he cannot recall the year. He stated that his subscription was only for a very short while and he did not read the paper because of any liking for the Communist philosophy,

but he read it because on many occasions there were good articles in it from various Negro writers.

Regarding his own political activity or affiliation, CLARKE stated he has attended meetings of every type of political group that has ever held a meeting in New York City; however, he advised that he has never belonged to any group. He stated that he considers himself a liberal democrat since a party must register for some political party.

CLARKE advised that in his application for a position with the United States Information Agency he had put in that he had been employed for six years with a broadcasting company. CLARKE advised that this was not entirely true but he had worked for six years at that National Broadcasting Company cleaning up while employed by the City Service Cleaning Contractors, who had been engaged by the National Broadcasting Company to clean the various studios.

CLARKE advised that his reason for making application for a position with the United States Information Agency was that on his various trips abroad, especially in Africa and Italy, he found that personnel of the United States Information Agency had a complete lack of knowledge of the customs and culture of the country they were serving in. He advised that he especially noted this regarding the Negro members of the United States Information Agency who were serving in Africa. He stated that none of them seemed to know the culture, language, or background of the section of Africa that they were serving in and he felt that it would serve the interests of the United States better if a person who was informed would make application for a position and serve.

CLARKE advised, with regard to his allegedly holding a position at the New School for Social Research, that he had merely been a guest lecturer on a very few occasions on the subject of Africa and it has been over two years since he has performed this type of service for this school.

Regarding various Negro nationalist groups in Harlem, New York City, CLARKE said he has never belonged to any groups

of this type. He said that he could not stand for the principals upon which most of these groups are founded and that is the "big lie." He advised that the one thing he has noticed in the Harlem area is that this technique of the "big lie" goes over much better with the average person in Harlem if stated in a loud angry voice than the exact facts or truth of a situation does if stated by a person in a quite sensible voice. He advised that for this reason he has never made any attempt to affiliate himself with any of the Negro nationalist groups.

The Communist Party, USA has been designed by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

On January 20, 1961, the "New York Amsterdam News", a Harlem daily newspaper, reflected an article entitled "JOHN HENRIK CLARKE Weds New York School Teacher". The article reflects that the subject married Miss EUGENIA A. EVANS in Miami, Florida.

The following is a description of the subject, as obtained from personal observation and from the records of his employer:

Name Residence

Date and Place of Birth Height Weight Hair Eyes Complexion Race Marital Status JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

311 West 136th Street,
New York City
January I, 1915,
Union Springs, Alabama
5' 6"
175 pounds
Black, balding
Brown
Dark

Negro Married, wife EUGENIA CLAF nee EUGENIA EVANS

UNITED STATES GOTERNMENT

moranzum

DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4575)

DATE:

JUN 1 4 1962

FROM

SAC, NEW YORK (97-2204)

SUBJECT:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

RA - CUBA - E. GERMANY

(OO: NY)

ReBulet to NY 4/2/62.

Concerning CLARKE's activities on behalf of the Negro quarterly publication "Freedomways", which is published by Freedomways Associates Inc., 799 Broadway, furnished information in February, March and April indicating that CLARKE was a member of the staff of this quarterly. However, his exact status was not known until the Spring, 1962 issue of "Freedomways' was published. This issue lists CLARKE, in its listing of the editorial staff, as "Associate Editor".

NY file 100-98492, which is captioned "Harlem

Quarterly, IS-C" reflects that this publication was short lived, with only three editions being published, one in the Winter of 1949 and the other two editions in 1950. CLARKE is listed as one of the Associate Editors of this publication. There was no information developed showing that this publication was Communist inspired or controlled. However, it is noted that one of the contributing editors to this quarterly was SHIRLEY GRAHAM, who is presently the editor of "Freedomways". It is therefore possible that CLARKE knew GRAHAM at the time "Harlem Quarterly" was being published and may be a reason why CLARKE contributed articles to "Freedomways" and why he was selected as an associate when one was needed after SHIRLEY GRAHAM went to Ghana with her husband W.E.B. DUBOIS.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS, UNCLASSIFIED Bureau (97-4575) (RM) **DATE 7/4/97 By 6036** (1 - 100-434819) (Freedomways Associates Inc - Bureau (97-4575)(RM)

1 - New York (100-144189)(415)

1 - New York (97-2204)

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In addition to the above, furnished b7D information on 4/1/62 reflecting that CLARKE had been assigned by "Freedomways" to cover UN activities for the magazine. A letter was sent to the Press Accreditation Officer at the UN requesting that CLARKE be issued a UN press card and that appropriate facilities be made available to him. This letter further stated that, in addition to being a member of the staff of "Freedomways", CLARKE was presently the Consultant and African Affrican Affairs Correspondent for the World Mutual Exchange International News Features. b7D From information furnished by it appears that CLARKE, in his capacity as Associate Editor, has the task of securings articles for "Freedomways" from prominent Negross in the US. For example in May, 1962, he sent a letter tol _the newly elected member of the International Executive Board of the UAW Union congratulating him on his election and requesting that the consider submitting an article for the Summer, 1962 issue of "Freedomways", which b6 issue will deal with the economic and political status of b7C Negros in the US. A similar letter was sent out to at Atlanta University, Atlanta, Georgia in April, 1962 in which CLARKE requested an article from MARTIN LUTHER KING for the Summer, 1962 issue. No information has been reported concerning any activity on the part of CLARKE with the CPUSA per se. However, advised on 4/2/62 that during the evening b7D of 3/31/62, a social and film showing was held under the auspices of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) at the home of my (n) 2-WILLIAM and LOUISE FATTERSON, 1268 President Street, Brooklyn, NY About 70 persons attended this affair throughout the evening and the FPCC realized a profit of approximately

The informant advised that JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways" was among those attending this affair and the informant noted that in the course of the evening there was no discussion of the CP or of Communist matters.

As the Bureau is aware, WILLIAM PATTERSON is the Chairman of the NY State CP.

\$52 plus the sale of \$5 worth of literature.

On 3/2/62 advised that on 2/17/62, a program was held at a YMCA in Brooklyn, NY in commemoration of Negro History Week. The guest speaker was JOHN H. CLARKE. This affair was sponsored by/NY Intercultural Society (NYIS) and the affair was mentioned in the "Midweek Worker" and in the "National Guardian".

On 9/17/59, advised that it did not appear tht the NYIS was organized or dominated by the CP, that while some of the members may have been CP members and some probably still were, there was no evidence of CP control. It was the informant's opinion that the policies of the organization and its program were much broader than they would be in a CP front.

Since CLARKE's relationship with "Freedomways" is of an open nature and because no information has been received to show that CLARKE's becomming an Associate Editor was due to any action on the part of the CPUSA, it is not believed that an investigation of CLARKE is warranted at this time.

It appears that CLARKE's activities are primarily directed toward the enlightenment and interest of the Negro rather than fostering the organizational interest of the CP. Through the investigation of Freedomways Associates, the NYO will follow closely CLARKE's relationship with it and its organizational ties to the CP, USA. Should CLARKE become organizationally involved with the CP, USA, the NYO will make a separate recommendation favoring investigation of CLARKE.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 WUNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Lemoranaum DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434819) 1/31/63 DATE: SAC, NEW YORK (100-144189) FROM FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC. SUBJECT: IS - C ISA; 1950 (00: NY) furnished photographs On 1/13/63, of material maintained at the office of Freedomways Associates, Inc., 799 Broadway, NYC. Encluded was letter dated 1/4/63, from JOHN HENRIK CLARKE to a b6 b7C b7D Seven Seas Books, Berlin, German Democratic In this letter, CLARKE states that they had received the books which were sent to them and added that they always would be interested in reviewing books on the list of Seven Seas which relate to the people of Africa, Asia, and people of African descent in the western world. There are enclosed for the Bureau nine copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting the information contained in this letter as well as a copy of the latter itself. It is believed that mentioned in the letterhead memorandum, is the subject of Bufile $\frac{100-379980}{100}$, NY file 100-104206. The second and third sources mentioned in the letterhead memorandum, in the Deceased) characterization of b7C THE PIE and b7D The sources used in the attached characterization of Freedomways Associates, Inc., are and ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEARIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/4/99 BY 602 CC RM SITRA (3)- Bureau (100-434819) (Engls... 20) (RM) 1 - 100-379980 1 - NY (97-2204)(JOHN HENRIK (412)b6 1 - NI (100-104206) DQ. ONI OSI RAO State b7C 1 - New York (100-144189)

10 FEB 19 1953

NY 100-144189

This letterhead memorandum is classified "Confidential" because it contains information from the sources mentioned above, the unauthorized disclosure of which could seriously impair the investigation of the CP, USA, and such impairment could have an adverse effect on the national defense interests of the country.



UNIOD STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION '

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York January 31, 1963

Bufile 100-434819

CONFINENTIAL (U)

Re: Freedomways Associates, Incorporated Internal Security - C Internal Security Act; 1950

On January 13, 1963, a confidential source furnished information reflecting that on January 4, 1963, John Henrik Clarke of Freedomways Magazine communicated with	د مرسد
advising	
her that they had received the books which say had sent	
to them. He added that, at 'Freedoways' they always will be interested in reviewing books on the Seven Seas	
light that maleta six approximate the constant of a constant	b6 b70
Asia, and the people of African descent in the western	ם וכ
world. Clarke stated that a review of a book which	
had been sent to them has already been written for the	
Winter issue of "Freedomways", a copy of which should reach in February. Clarke further requested	
review copies of several Seven Seas Books.	
Clarke requested that best regards to whom they hope will be able to contribute to the Summer, 1963 issue of "Freedomways" The Fall, 1962 issue of "Freedomways" identifies John Henrik Clarke as an associate editor.	ı t
The January 14, 1952 issue of the "Daily Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper which ceased publication on January 13, 1958, page eight, reflects that	

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Re: Freedomways Associates, Incorporated

was a member of the faculty of the Jefferson School of Social Science (JSSS) for the Winter term beginning January 21, 1952.

The JSSS has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A second confidential source advised on May 25, 1946, that was a member of the Communist Party before World War II and had been asked to join the Professional Branch of the Communist Party during 1946.	ъ6 ъ7с
The records of the Passport Division, United States Department of State, reflect that was issued a passport on January 24, 1552, and that he has lived abroad in France ever since with the exception of the period 1954-1955 when he claimed to have lived in Sweden.	b6 b7C
A third confidential source advised on December 21, 1952, that who formerly resided in Paris, France, is presently residing in the German Democratic Republic.	ъ6 ъ7С

To, Proctomaya Accordation, Inc.

APPENDIX

FREEDONWAYS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

The records of the Secretary of State, New York State Department of State, Albany, New York, show that the certificate of incomporation of Freedom ays Associates, Incorporated, was filed on March 2, 1961.

The Spring, 1962, issue of "Freedomways" is self-described as "a Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement" published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, 799 Broadway, New York City.

On May 2., 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the original plan called for the publication to be openly karmist, but that it was later decided it would not be avouedly a Marmist publication. Editorials are in the hands of a mixed group of Marmists and non-Marmists. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticism of currents in the Negro movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation

On May 25, 1961, another source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CPUSA by JAMES JACKSON, a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.





STATES DEPARTMENT OF JU

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

" · York, New York January 31, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to Baffile 100-434819

Title

Freedomways Associates,

Incorporated

Character

Internal Scourity - C

Internal Security Act; 1950

Reference

is made to letterhead memorandum, dated and

captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the F8I and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

JFO:rmv
(3)

K ANG 21 1963

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JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, who is not a security index subject of the New York Office, is being recommended for Section A of the Reserve Index because of his position as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, a Negro quarterly publication established for the CP, USA and financed by the CP, USA. In addition, because of his post as Associate Editor, he has attended functions where he has been in the company of CP functionaries such as WILLIAM PATTERSON, Chairman of the New York District CP and JAMES JACKSON, Editor of "The Worker" and a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA. In his post as Associate Editor, CLARKE works with ESTHER JACKSON, the Business Manager of "Freedomways" and wife of JAMES JACKSON.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

 $\{U\}$ TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-124338) DATE: 5/15/64

 $\{U\}$ FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-63250) (RUC)

b6 **b7C**

SUBJECT: $\{U\}$

IS - HU. (00: WASHINGTON FIELD)

ReWFO airtel to Bureau, 4/16/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of a letterhead memorandum and five additional copies for the files of Freedomwava Associates Incorporated JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

and District 65, Retail wholesale and Department Store Union (Dist. 65 RWDSU) AFL-CIO. Two copies of the letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above are enclosed for the Washington Field Office.

b6 b7C

b6 b7C

Bureau (ENCLS. 10) (RM)

(1-100-4434619) (FREEDOMWAYS) 1-97-4575) (CLARKE) 1-100-402509) 1-100-257527)

1-100-36491) (1-100-36491) (Dist. 65 RWDSU, AFL-CIO) 2 - Washington Field (105-55342) (ENCLS. 2) 1 - New York (100-63250) (FREEDOMWAYS)

1 - New York (97-2204)(CLARKE) 1 - New York (100-18918)

1 - New York (100-54670)

1 - New York (100-100713) (Dist. 65 RWDSU, AFL-CIO)

2 - New York

APB:amf (19)

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NY [105-63250]

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "Confidential" inasmuch as it expresses an investigative interest in an official of the Hungarian Legation,
the unauthorized disclosure of which would be detrimental
to the : best interests of the United States. (%)

The confidential source mentioned in the letterhead momorandum in connection with is and the confidential source mentioned in connection with breaking with the Communist Party. USA, are for 1954, and for 1956,

Coverage of the subject through established sources of the New York Office did not disclose any intelligence activity on the part of the subject during his stay in New York.

Indices of the New York Office have no record of the name (PH) or variations thereof.

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RWDSU, AFL-CIO, was formerly the subject of a New York case, and also was formerly on the Security Index for the New York Office. Headquarters of Dist. 65 RWDSU, AFL-CIO, are located at 13 Astor Place, New York City, and this organization was formerly the subject of a New York case.

b6 b7C

Freedomway: Associates, Incorporated, 799
Broadway, New York City, is the subject of a New York
case and publishes a quarterly publication covering the Negro
Freedom Movement in the United States:

che Communist Party, USA, is



NY [105-63250] (X)

(U)

Managing Editor of the above organization, and is the subject of a New York case and also is included on the Security Index of the New York Office. JCHN HENRIK CLARKE is the Associate Editor of the publication and was also the subject of a New York case.





In Reply, Please Refer to

File No.

UTED STATES DEPARTMENT OF USTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION NEW YORK, NEW YORK

May 15, 1964

ALL SOCIETION COMMINED EXCEPT

 $\{U\}$ Internal Security - Hungar A confidential source, who has furnished b6 reliable information in the past, disdosed that b7C $\{U\}$ Washington, D. C., had stated he would meet at 13 Astor Place, New York City, on April 15, 1964, at 4:00 p.m. District 65, Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union (Dist. 65 RWDSU) American Federation of Labor -Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO), 13 Astor Place, New York City. on July 6, 1953, refused to answer questions of the House Committee on Un-American Activities concerning the Communist Party (CP) and other group affiliations. A confidential source in early 1954 and 1956 indicated that b6 had broken with the CP in 1951. b7C The confidential source referred to in the first pragraph disclosed that $\{U\}$ apologized to of Freedomways, April 14, 1964, for the Hungarian Legation having

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CONFIDENTIAL -(U)

	The state of the s	
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{U}-	failed to send in a subscription to the publication. advised that he personally would subscribe to the publication. also arranged to meet with Mrs. Jackson and Mr. John Clarkeat 10:00 a.m. on April 16, 1964.	
	A characherization of FreedomMays Associates, Incorporated, is alteched hereto.	
	The first quarter 1964 (Volume 4, Issue I) issue of Freedomwars lists and John Henrik Clarkeas Assitant Editor.	b6 b70

an official of the CP in the United States, and both she and her husband are active in Communist affairs.

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APPENDIX

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.

The records of the New York Secretary of State, Albany, New York, show that the certificate of incorporation of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, was filed on March 2, 1961.

The Spring, 1963, issue of "Freedomways" is selfdescribed as "A Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement" published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, 799 Broadway, New York City.

On May 24, 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the original plan called for the publication to be openly Marxist, but that it was later decided it would not be avowedly a Marxist publication. Editorials are in the hands of a mixed group of Marxists and non-Marxists. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticism of currents in the Negro movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation.

On May 25, 1961, another source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CPUSA by James Jackson, a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

8/8/63

Field Office File #:

97-2204

Title:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

~~.

Office: NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Bureau File #:

97-4575

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Character:

SECURITY MATTER - C

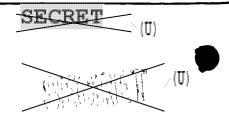
Synopsis:

CLARKE resides at 2186 5th Ave., NYC, and is an Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, a Negro quarterly of the CP, USA, whose Business Manager is ESTHER JACKSON, wife of JAMES JACKSON, Editor of "The Worker". He also has been employed as a porter by City Service Cleaning but left this job on vacation in May, 1963, and expects to return to it in the Fall CLARKE's name appeared as a contributor to the Marxist magazine "New Foundations" in 1947. He has contributed to other Negro publications, had an article in "Progressive Labor" and has written in the "National Guardian". CLARKE's name appeared on a petition of the Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL in 1961. He was advertised as a speaker at a program at Camp Midvale in February, 1962 and was interested in increasing sales of "Freedomways" at this camp. The first meeting of Freedomways Forum was held in his home and he has attended a Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) affair as well as a fund raising affair at the home of WILLIAM PATTERSON. His name appeared in an FPGC advertisement and he attended a reception for HUGH MULZAC! CLARKE's general astivities as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" set out, as well as instances of specific contacts in this position. An informant has expressed the belief that CLARKE is not a CP member because of a comment of ESTHER JACKSON.

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DETAILS:

A. RESIDENCE

On July 24, 1963.
City Service Cleaning, 10 Rockefeller Plaza, New York,
New York, advised that his records reflect that CLARKE's
home address is 2186 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

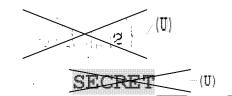
B. EMPLOYMENT

The Spring, 1963, issue of "Freedomways" lists CLARKE as an Associate Editor. CLARKE's name first appeared as an Associate Editor of this magazine in the Spring, 1962, issue and it has been listed in every issue since that time.

A characterization of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, publishers of the quarterly magazine "Freedomways" is set forth in the appendix pages of this report.

On July 24, 1963, supra, advised that CLARKE had been steadily employed by his company as a porter prior to May 17, 1963, at which time, CLARKE went on a two week vacation. He advised that during the latter part of May, 1963, he received a letter from CLARKE stating that he was unable to return to his job on June 3, 1963, explaining that he had a summer teaching position at an unnamed school in New Jersey, but wanted to be considered for re-employment in the Fall of 1963.

On April 1, 1962, NY T-1 made available information reflecting that ESTHER JACKSON, Managing Editor of the magazine "Freedomways" had written to the Press Accreditation Officer at the United Nations in March, 1962, informing him that CLARKE, a member of the staff of "Freedomways", had been assigned to cover United Nations activities for that publication. She requested that a United Nations press card be issued to him and that appropriate facilities be made available. She added that in addition to his work with the magazine, CLARKE was then the Consultant and African Affairs Correspondent for the World Mutual Exchange International News Features.





ESTHER JACKSON is the wife of JAMES JACKSON, whom NY T-2, on May 7, 1962, described as a member of the National Committee (NC) of the Communist Party, USA, (CP, USA).

The masthead of "The Worker", an east coast Communist newspaper, July 21, 1963, lists JAMES JACKSON as its Editor.

NY T-1 had furnished information on February 17, 1963 and May 12, 1963, reflecting that CLARKE was drawing a \$60 weekly salary from Freedomways Associates, Inc. (F.A. Inc.)

	NY T-3 furnished information on the following	
dates	reflecting that	

NY T-3 also furnished information on April 3, June 4. and August 2, 1962, reflecting that

On October 2, 1962, NY T33 furnished information reflecting that

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The source no longer
upon which the above information is based and the above information is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. The person to be subpoenaed is

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C. AFFILIATION WITH OTHER PUBLICATIONS

The Fall, 1947, issue of "New Foundations", Volume 1, #1, in its table of contents lists the name of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as the contributor of poetry on page 43, entitled "And a Challenge Too".

On April 23, 1947, NY T-4 furnished a copy of the "Charter of New Foundations Cooperative", which charter stated that New Foundations Cooperative is a non-profit Marxist cooperative organization of young Americans active in cultural and intellectual pursuits. One of the purposes of this organization is to publish "New Foundations", a Marxist intellectual and cultural youth magazine.

NY T-5 advised on January 15, 1954,
that he knew as a member of the CP while he was attending Columbia University during 1945-1947. In 1946,
this informant stated and two others started a magazine called "New Foundations", which was published with CP approval.

On December 19, 1952, NY T-6 advised that the publication "Harlem Quarterly", now defunct, was a magazine published by Harlem Quarterly Associates, Inc., 974 General Post Office, New York, N. Y. There were just three editions of this magazine published, namely the Winter, 1949, edition;

the Spring, 1950, edition, and the Fall-Winter, 1950, edition. NY T-6 said that the editorial staff included JOHN H. CLARKE.

Called Standards

The Winter, 1949-1950 edition, contained a prospectus of the quarterly written by the Editor, which states that the purpose of the publication was to bring

to its readers short stories, poetry and articles on all aspects of Negro life and history. It states that the publication would present "a broad cross section of opinions on problems facing American Negroes, West Indians, Africans and our white allies today".

This issue contains a short story and a feature article by CLARKE.

The "Amsterdam News" of August 5, 1950, page 17, column 1, contains a photograph of the Editor of the "Harlem Quarterly", and "His Associate Editor, JOHN HENRY CLARK".

NY T-7 advised on March 10,1961, that on March 9, 1961, the Liberation Committee for Africa (LCA) held a Committee and General Planning Meeting in Adelphi Hall, New York City. Among those present was JOHN CLARKE, a Negro.

On March 10, 1961, NY T-7 made available a "Statement of Aims" of the LCA. This statement is as follows:

"The LCA has been founded in the belief that freedom and equality for Americans of African descent is inextricably linked with freedom for Africans in their own home lands. The aims of this Committee have been developed in accordance with this belief.

"To work for and support the immediate liberation of all colonial peoples.

"To provide a public forum for African Freedom Fighters.

"To provide concrete aid to African Freedom Fighters.

"To re-establish awareness of the common cultural heritage of Afro-Americans with their African brothers."



NY T-8, on July 25, 1961, made available the July, 1961, issue of the publication "Liberator", published by LCA and this issue contains a book review by CEARKE of a book, "Black Muslims in America" by C. ERIC LINCOLN. This publication lists CLARKE as a member of the editorial board and as the Editor.

NY T-8, on March 23, 1962, made available the March, 1962, issue of "Liberator", self described as a monthly publication of the LCA and this issue listed CLARKE as a member of the editorial board and Editor.

> NY T-9 advised on January 10, 1961, that attended a meeting of the Peace Club of the Crown Heights Section of the Kings County CP on January 9, 1961 at which meeting reregistered himself and his wife as members of the Peace Club.

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"Progressive Labor", which is the issue of February, 1962, Volume 1, #2, contains an article on page 4 by CLARKE entitled "Victory in Flower Hospital Strike". This article praises the tactics used by the strikers in achieving a victory in a strike at Flower Hospital, New York City, and criticizes police action against the strikers.

> A characterization of "Progressive Labor" appears in the appendix pages of this report.

The "National Guardian" of February 14, 1963, page 8, contains an article by CLARKE, "The Reason a Negro History Week was Needed". CLARKE is identified as an Associate Editor of "Freedomways" and in the article explains the origin of "Negro History Week", its purpose and meaning.

The "National Guardian" of March 21, 1963, page 10, contains a review by CLARKE of the book, "The Fire Next Time" by JAMES BALDWIN.





A characterization of the "National Guardian" is set forth in the appendix pages of this report.

D. OTHER ACTIVITIES

In November, 1961, the Internal Security Division of the Department of Justice, made available a petition of the Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL, which was a petition to the President seeking a new trial for SOBELL or an executive pardon or commutation of his sentence. This petition contains the name of JOHN CLARKE, 311 West 136th Street, New York City.

A characterization of the Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SOBELL is set forth in the appendix pages of this report.

On February 13, 1962, NY T-10 and on April 2, 1962, NY T-11 made available similar circulars advertising a weekend at Camp Midvale, N. J., February 10, 11 and 12, 1962. The program for Saturday afternoon lists "JOHN HENRY CLARK, Distinguished Journalist and Author", who was to speak on the Negro and American history.

A characterization of Camp Midvale, under the heading of Metropolitan Recreation Association, is set forth in the appendix pages of this report.

On May 20, 1962, NY T-1 made available information reflecting that on May 8, 1962, CLARKE advised the Manager of Camp Midvale of plans to visit that camp during the Spring and Summer. CLARKE also expressed the hope that more copies of "Freedomways" could be sold at Camp Midvale during the Spring and Summer months.

NY T-1 furnished information on June 24, 1962, reflecting that on June 15, 1962, CLARKE advised Camp Midvale that he would be happy to speak at the camp on weekends, but could not take any engagement during the

week. He expressed the intention of going to the camp to try and boost the sale of "Freedomways".

"The Worker", February 14, 1962, page 7, column 2, contains an article, "Negro History Celebration", which states that CLARKE, an Editor of "Freedomways", would speak on February 17, 1962, at the Bedford YMCA, under the sponsorship of the New York Intercultural Society (NYIS). It states that CLARKE had spent several months in Africa as a correspondent for United States Negro and English newspapers last year.

On September 17, 1959, NY T-12 advised that it did not appear that the NYIS was organized or dominated by the CP and that while some of its members may have been members of the CP, and some probably still were, there was no evidence of CP control.

On March 2, 1962, NY T-13 advised that on February 17, 1962, a program was held at the YMCA, Bedford Section, Brooklyn, N. Y., in commemoration of Negro History Week and that JOHN H. CLARKE was the guest speaker.

NY T-14 advised on March 21, 1963, that on March 18, 1963, a meeting of CP members was held to discuss plans for Freedomways Forum. It was brought out at this meeting that the first meeting of the organization was scheduled for March 22, 1963 at the apartment of JOHN CLARKE, Pifth Avenue, New York City. ESTHER JACKSON, who was present, brought out that she did not want the speakers for these meetings to be known. Marxists or CP members. She stressed that she wanted non-CP people present.

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NY T-14 further advised on March 21, 1963, that it had been brought out at previous meetings of that the aim of Freedomways Forum is to recruit people into the CP. The organization membership was to be made up of non-CP people, but the leadership itself was to be made up of CP members.

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NY T-15 advised on November 8, 1962, that WILLIAM ALBERTSON is the Executive Secretary of the New York District CP.

On April 2, 1962, NY T-8 advised that on March 31, 1962, a social and film showing was held at the home of WILLIAM PATTERSON, 1268 President Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., under the auspices of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways" was among the approximately 70 persons who attended this affair. During the evening there was no discussion of the CP or of Communist matters.

A characterization of the FPCC is set forth in the appendix pages of this report.

NY T-16 advised on February 11, 1963, that as of February, 1963, WILLIAM PATTERSON was identified as Chairman of the New York District.CP.

NY T-17 made available on May 21, 22, 1963, information reflecting that the name and address of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, Post Office Box 55, College Station, New York, N. Y., was known to the FPCC.

The "New York Post" newspaper of April 25, 1961, page 80, contains an advertisement of the FPCC, 799 Broadway, New York City, captioned "Cuba, A Declaration of Conscience by Afro-Americans". This advertisement states that "We Afro-Americans" have the right and duty to protest against the threatened agression against Cuba by white Cuban politicans trained and financed by the Central Intelligence Agency in Miami, Florida.

Among the names appearing on this advertisement is that of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE.



NY T-18 advised on December 3, 1962, that on December 1, 1962, a party to raise funds for "Freedomways" was held at the residence of WILLIAM PATTERSON, 1268 President Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways" was among those present.

NY T-18 advised on April 17, 1963, that on the afternoon of April 7, 1963, a reception honoring Captain HUGH MULZAC on the publication of his book, "A Star to Steer By was held at the YMCA, 361 West 125th Street, New York City. JOHN H. CLARKE was among those who attended. NY T-18 also advised that JAMES and ESTHER JACKSON and WILLIAM L. PATTERSON were included among those in attendance.

NY T-19 advised on November 10, 1954, that HUGH MULZAC was a CP member of long standing in the Jamaica, Long Island section of the CP and that at that time MULZAC was a CP member or sympathizer.

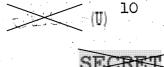
E. MISCELLANEOUS

On the following dates, NY T-1 made available information reflecting that CLARKE was engaged in activities on behalf of "Freedomways" magazine, such as soliciting articles from individuals, placing the publications in book stores in this country and abroad, increasing the subscriptions in this country and abroad and raising funds to meet added expenses:

February 11, May 20, June 24, July 15, August 26, October 21, November 18 and December 9, 1962 and February 17, March 17, May 12 and June 9, 1963,

On April 1, 1962, NY T-1 made available information reflecting that CLARKE contacted JULIAN MAYFIELD in Accra, Ghana, stating that MAYFIELD was being appointed their scout in Ghana to insure that they receive adequate contributions from Ghana for a special issue of the magazine they were preparing on Africa.

On March 17, 1963, NY T-1 made available information reflecting that in March, 1963, CLARKE was in contact with JULIAN MAYFIELD in Accra, Ghana, with respect to papers



which MAYFIELD had forwarded to CLARKE, as well as an article and a book review which MAYFIELD was to do.

The "Daily Worker", an east coast daily Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958, in its issue of August 2, 1951, page 7, column 3, reflects that JULIAN MAYFIELD was then Chairman of the Subcommittee on Unemployment of the Committee for the Negro in the Arts, 261 West 125th Street, New York, N. Y.

The Committee for the Negro in the Arts has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

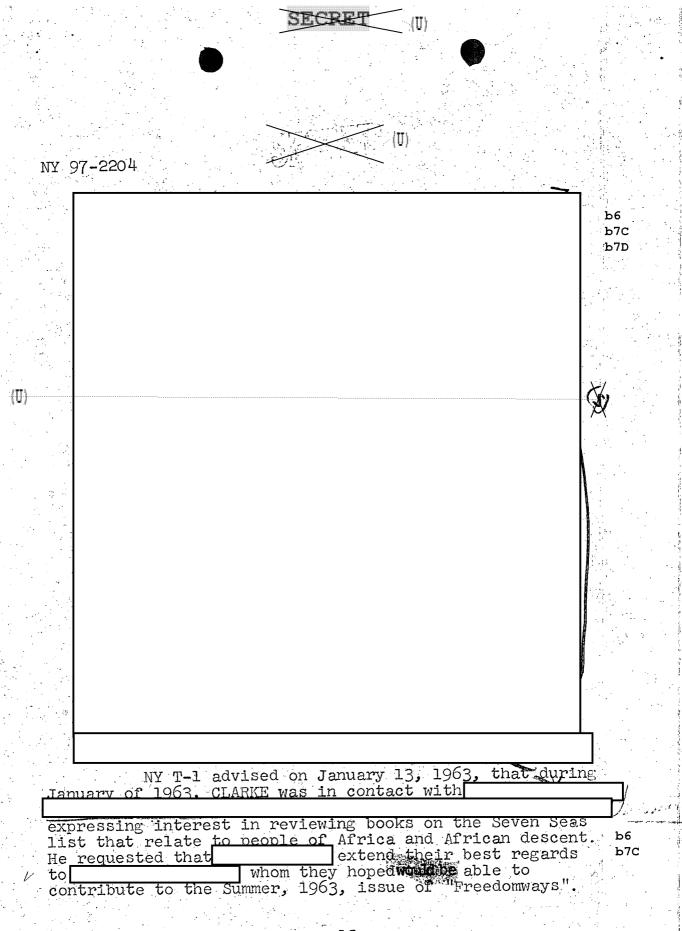
NY T-20 advised on September 20, 1955, that he redeived information that three leaders of the Partido Comunista Puertorriqueno (PCP) (Communist Party of Puerto Rico) had visited in Naranjito, Puerto Rico, prior to the date the information was furnished, where they talked to the wife of JULIAN MAYFIELD. During the discussion between the three leaders and ANA LIVIA CORDERO, MAYFIELD's wife, JULIAN MAYFIELD was mentioned as a potential recruit for a new PCP club in Naranjito, Puerto Rico, which was to be formed subsequent to that date.

NY T-21 advised on a date prior to August, 1955, that the PCP was a CP in its own right and not a district organization of the CP, USA, although it is based on the same Marxist - Lēninist principles as the CP, USA.

NY T-8 advised on April 29, 1961, that JULIAN MAYFIELD was in attendance at the first anniversary banquet of the FPCC, where he was introduced as the co-author of an FPCC advertisement which appeared in the April 21, 1961 edition of the "New York Times".

On September 23, 1962, NY T-1 made available information reflecting that CLARKE was contacted in July, 1962, by one ELLIX BOWLES, the agent for "The African Communist" in London, England, which is described as a quarterly journal of the South African CP. BOWLES advised CLARKE that he was considering ways of bringing the attention of African writers and other readers in London to the fact that the next edition of "Freedomways" would be devoted to the new image of Africa, which information CLARKE had supplied to him. BOWLES suggested that CLARKE consider inserting an advertisement in "The African Communist" on the availability of "Freedomways".

On January 13, 1903, NY 1-1 ma	ontrated .	b6
information reflecting that CLARKE had confirmed of "The West Indian Gazette	" London	b7C
England, thanking him for a press releas	e of "Freedomways"	
in the Gazette. CLARKE inquired if	could advise	
him as to how the "Freedomways" issue on	Africa was being	
received by Africans in London. At the	same time, he	
requested to extend their gree	tings to	
CLAUDIA.		
CDRODIA.		
On December 9, 1962, NY T-1 ma	ide available	
information reflecting that in November	of 1962, CLARKE	
had contracted 101 The West	Indian Gazecce,	b6
expressing appreciation for the attention	on which	b7C
had given to a press release of "Freedon	nways relating	
to the Fall, 1962, issue, which dealt wi	th Airica.	• •
On January 30, 19632 NY T-22, a conf	Toential source	
furnished the following inf	ormation con-	\
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"Director of the African Institute of the USSR Academy of Sciences, was here a few weeks ago and we spent a most rewarding evening together".

NY T-24 advised on June 20, 1950, that he knew ALPHAEUS HUNTON as a concealed CP member as of late 1945.

NY TO28 advised on December 7, 1955, that ALPHAEUS HUNTON was a CP member in Washington, D. C., from 1937 to 1940, at which time contact with him was terminated. NY T-28 stated that HUNTON, during the period 1937 - 1940, was active in the National Negro Congress (NNC) in Washington, D. C.

The NNC has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

W. ALPHAEUS HUNTON is listed by "Freedomways" magazine in all its issues as an Associate Editor.

NY T-18 advised on June 12, 1963, that he knows CLARKE as an Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, but does not know of any CP membership or activity on the part of CLARKE.

NY T-6 advised on June 10, 1963, that he does not know of any CP membership or activity on the part of CLARKE.

NY T-29 advised on June 3, 1963, that he could furnish no information concerning any current activities on the part of CLARKE.

NY T-14 advised on July 15, 1963 that neither CLARKE nor his wife are believed to be members of the CP. The reason for this belief is that, prior to the meeting of the Freedomways Forum at CLARKE's apartment, ESTHER JACKSON advised a CP member that caution would have to be exercised in speaking in the presence of the CLARKES, since "they are not one of us". NY T-14 believes that this meant that the CLARKES were not CP members.



NY T-14 added that it is known that the CLARKEs are considered to be extremely progressive and also very anxious for the Negro movement to succeed.

> A characterization of the Nationaof Islam, the organization of the Black Muslims, is set forth in the appendix pages of this report.

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APPENDIX

1.

"PROGRESSIVE LABOR"

A source advised on January 10, 1962, that on November 27, 1961, General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn 1, New York, was rented under the name Progressive Labor by MILTON ROSEN, who listed the character of business as "Magazine." MILTON ROSEN'S business and residence was 90 Sterling Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Records of the New York County Clerk's Office, New York, New York, reflect that on February 16, 1962, MILTON K. ROSEN, 90 Sterling Street, Brooklyn, New York, filed a Business Certificate which stated that he was doing business under the name Progressive Labor Co. at 799 Broadway, New York. Volume 1, number 1, January, 1962, issue of "Progressive Labor" indicates that it is published monthly, with its address General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn 1, New York. Its editors were listed as MILTON ROSEN and MORT SCHEER.

Volume 1, Number 3, March, 1962, issue of "Progressive Labor" indicates that it is published monthly by the Progressive Labor Co., with offices at \$799 Broadway, New York, New York.

ETHEL KLEIN NEWTON, a member of the Communist Party (CP) from 1946 to 1949, and from September, 1955, until September, 1962, on January 18, 1962, made available an undated letter on the letterhead of Progressive Labor, which introduced the new magazine. This letter stated that the main purpose of this magazine is to help develop an alternative policy for the labor movement and stated in part "... the fundamental solution to the problems of the American people will be in a socialist America, a society in which the people will own the means of production "

"The Worker" an East coast Communist newspaper, issue of January 7, 1962, page 10, column 3, under the caption "MILTON ROSEN Expelled by CP" reported an announcement by the Communist Party of New York State of the expulsion of MILTON ROSEN and MORTIMER SCHEER from the Communist Party for disruptive activities, which stated in part "... together they are issuing a scurrilous antilabor and anti-party sheet mis-named Progressive Labor, as the organ of this group. .."

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APPENDIX

"PROGRESSIVE LABOR" (CONT'D)

A second source advised on January 22, 1962, that MILTON ROSEN was concerned about the future of the magazine and indicated there was not enough money available to publish the next issue.

A third source on March 13, 1962, advised that there are indications that "Progressive Labor" will continue as a publication, but that it is too early to make a prediction.

A fourth source on March 5, 1962, advised that the supporters of "Progressive Labor" expect that it will continue to be published and that it will be a force in the labor movement.

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APPENDIX

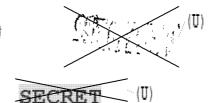
1.

"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"National Guardian

"1. 'established by the American Labor
Party in 1947 as a "progressive"
weekly * * *. Although it denies
having any affiliation with the
Communist Party, it has manifested
itself from the beginning as a virtual
official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities,
Report, Trial by Treason: The National
Committee to Secure Justice for the
ROSENBERGS and MORTON SOBELL, August 25,
1956, p. 12.)"



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APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL, 'the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case'..."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 16, 1963, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.



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APPENDIX

1.

METROPOLITAN RECREATION ASSOCIATION Formerly known as Nature Friends of America, Inc., Operator of Camp Midvale

Nature Friends of America, Inc. (NFA) has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The records of the New York County Clerk's Office, Supreme Court Building, New York City, reflect that a certificate of dissolution for NFA was filed with the Secretary of State, State of New York, on February 23, 1954.

A source advised on March 12, 1954, that at a meeting of the former New York Local of NFA held on February 25, 1954, in New York City, a successor organization known as the Metropolitan Recreation Association (MRA) was set up and all assets and real property formerly belonging to the New York Local of NFA were transferred to the MRA.

On November 4, 1957, a second source made available a copy of the constitution of the MRA, which was adopted in 1957, and which, under Article II, set forth the aims of the organization as follows:

"The purpose of the association is to bring together people without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, or beliefs, having a common interest in outdoor sports, recreational and cultural activities, and the fullest use of leisure time for the furtherance of the welfare and well-being of the members; to encourage the study of nature and of the natural sciences, and of the modes of living and customs and cultures of the people of the United States, past and present. . . . "

On March 26, 1954, a third source made available a copy of the March, 1954, issue of the "Camp Midvale News," official organ of Camp Midvale, Midvale, New Jersey, which, on page 1, states that the recently formed MRA is the organization which owns and operates Camp Midvale.

The MRA, as of May 15, 1963, continues to utilize General Post Office Box 634, New York City, as its mailing address.



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1.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contains a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

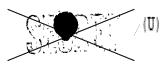
"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the afore-mentioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "TED" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM

In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 2, 1962, a second source advised: ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI). Muhammad's Temple of Islam Number 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI. In mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teaching and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 2, 1962, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Agent.

at New York.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York August 8, 1963

Bufile 97-4575 NYfile 97-2204

Title

John Henrik Clarke

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Characte	er Security Matter - C
Referenc	e is made to report of Special dated and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



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Dr. SINED (ph) referred to the "stupidness that is going on in Mobilization for Youth" (MFY) and asked if there would be any repercussions in the HARYOU program because of the red-baiting which was going on. CLARKE said he did not know but did not think they could fight it. CLARKE mentioned that they had "a little red-baiter" at HARYOU who came from MFY, who was the "chief spotter" at MFY. CLARKE added that he supposed that this person is wondering why he, CLARKE, was getting such a big job without a college degree as well as where CLARKE came from.

It is believed that the person in contact with CLARKE was Dr. CALVIN H. SINNETTE who is one of the three persons listed as owning stock in the corporation, Freedom-ways Associates, Inc., which publishes the magazine, "Freedomways".

The above information is being reported administratively because of the inability of the informant to identify clearly the person with whom CLARKE was in contact.

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	are known to have had some	עו/מי
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American Unity (OAAU) and also may have been part of the "brain trust" which met with MALCOIM and helped him set up the OAAU. He stated that they may have taken out membership cards in the OAAU but that it is not known that they are active in it. CLARKE's name was one of those listed.

This information is reported administratively because the information is non-specific.

CLARKE's continuing interest in Negro history b7D and the connection of Negroes with African Heritage is indicated by a magazine on 9/18/61, entitled "African Heritage" and dated December,

COVER PAGE

1959. This magazine contains a photograph of JOHN H. CLARKE, showing him as the Research Director of the African Heritage Exposition held in NYC during the period 8/6 - 15/59. This magazine contains photographs and drawings of African scenes as well as five small articles by CLARKE.

CLARKE is being recommended for inclusion on the Security Index of the NYO because of his major activity in the running of the magazine, "Freedomways", plus his connection with HERBERT APTHEKER in the American Institute for Marxist Studies.

### INFORMANTS

Identity of Source		File	Number	Where	Located
NY T-1	b7D				
MX I-S					
NY T-3					
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COVER PAGE

Identity of Source	File Number Where Located	
NY T-4	Characterization of JAMES JACKSON.	
NY T-5		ь6 ь7с ь7р
NY T-6		
_NY T-8	Characterization of HERBERT APTHEKER	
N. IO	Characterization of HERBERT APTHEKER	
NY T-9		b6
NY T-10		b7С b7D
NY T-11	100-142782-1B18(10)	
NY T-12		
NY T-13		

COVER PAGE

NX 97-5504  $\{U\}$ Identity of Source File Number Where Located  $\{U\}$ Characterization of LILLIAN MARTINEZ b7D NY T-15 NY T-16 NY T-17 Characterization of HYMAN GOLDSTEIN, RICHARD B. MOORE NY T-18 NY T-19 b7D NY T-20 NY T-21 NY T-22 NY T-23 Characterization of b6 b7C

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Identity of Source	File Number Where Located	
NY T-33	Characterization of JULIAN MAYFIELD	
MX I-34	Characterization of JULIAN MAYFIELD	
NY T-35	Characterization of JULIAN MAYFIELD	
NY T-36	Characterization of SARA WRIGHT	b7D
NY T-37	Characterization of SARA WRIGHT	
NY T-38		
NY T-39	Characterization of BETTY GANNET <b>T</b> , WILLIAM L. PATTERSON	
NY T-40		
NY T-41		
NY T-U2		

COVER PAGE

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# CONFIDENTIAL

NY 97-2204

1.		Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
2.		The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.
3 <b>.</b> \		Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and
	Line.	Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
4.	X	A suitable photograph x is is not available.
		Subject is employed in a key facility and is
	_	charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies
		are
6.	X	This report is classified "confidential" because
		(state reason) it contains information from the sources
		used, the unauthorized disclosure of which could be
		detrimental to the defense interests of the US and
		could result in the loss of sources of great value.

7. X Subject previously interviewed (dates) 1/10/64 .

Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)

of his position with a publication, "Freedomways",

which might result in an attempt by the subject to
cause embarrassment to the Bureau.

- 8. This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
- 9. This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) the subject is on the Reserve Index, Section A, of the NYO, but it is felt that he should be upgraded to the Security Index because of his post with "Freedomways" and his position as an "Associate" of the American Institute of Marxist Studies. An FD 122 has been submitted, recommending him for the SI.

Subject's SI card is x is not tabbed Detcom.

Subject's activities do x do not warrant Detcom tabbing.



LASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM:

New

97-4575

**FD-204** (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Bureau File No.:

New York,

Copy to:

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Report of:

Date:

Title:

November 23, 1964

Field Office File No.:

97-2204

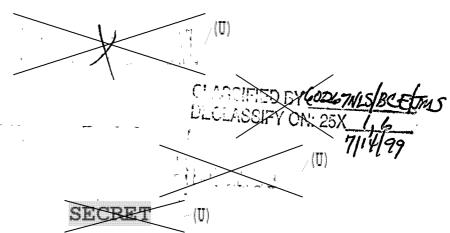
JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - C

Synopsis:

CLARKE resides at 2186 Fifth Avenue, NYC. is employed as an Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine and expends considerable effort in this position such as contributing articles, fund raising, and attempting to increase its circulation here and abroad. Whe also teaches African History at HARYOU - ACT, which is attempting to combat juyenile delinquency in Harlem. VCLARKE attended the founding meeting of the American Institute for Marxist Studies and is an "associate" of that organization. \( \square\$ He was listed as one of the scheduled instructors for the Fall, 1963, term of the NY School for Marxist Studies. He and ESTHER JACKSON, Managing Editor of "Freedomways", were active in forming the Harlem Freedomways Forum, took part in its activities, but have now decided they cannot afford to be associated with that group. \( \text{CLARKE} and



 $\{U\}$ 

HERBERT APTHEKER were the principal speakers at a memorial tribute for W.E.B. DU EOIS, held on November 27, 1963, under the auspices of the NY School for Marxist Studies. CLARKE also spoke at an open meeting of the Allerton Forum on January 21, 1964, which was reportedly sponsored by a CP club. He has contracted with the Seven Seas Publishers in Germany for the publication of a book, "Harlem: USA", which contains material from the Summer, 1963, issue of "Freedomways". He is credited in the book as editing the contents. The book is on sale in the US at the Jefferson Book In 1959, he participated in a conference of Negro writers in NYC. He has been in contact with JULIAN MAYFIELD in Ghana,√assisted in the preparation of a radio documentary on W.E.B. DU BOIS, vand has had business dealings with the "National Guardian", WILLIAM WEINSTONE ... a Paris magazine, BETTY CANNETT, RICHARD B. MOORE. and with FELIX CUMMINGS of the British Guiana Public Relations and Information Office in NYC. CLARKE and ESTHER JACKSON were to meet with the Attache of the Hungarian Legation in April, 1964. was one of those whom MALCOLM LITTLE indicated had been assigned to go over ideas for a new organization.

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### DETAILS

### A. RESIDENCE

NY T-1 advised on August 6, 1964, that on that date JOHN CLARKE stated that he was residing at 2186 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The current Manhattan Telephone Directory lists CLARKE as the subscriber to telephone number FO 8-2771, at the above address.

On November 10, 1964, CLARKE's name was observed in the directory of the apartment building at 2186 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

### B. EMPLOYMENT

The Summer, 1964, issue of "Freedomways", which is self-described as a quarterly magazine published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated (FA Inc.) at 799 Broadway, New York City, lists JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as an Associate Editor. His name has appeared as an Associate Editor in each issue of the magazine since the Spring, 1962, issue.

A characterization of FA Inc. is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-2 furnished information on October 18, 1964, reflecting that CLARKE is now drawing a weekly salary of \$65.20 from FA Inc.

	NY T-3	furnished	information	on the	dates	
indicated	showing	that that				
JOHN H.	CLARKI	c.				

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upon which the above information is based and the above information is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. The person to be subpoenaed is

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The Summer, 1963, issue of "Freedomways" was a special issue devoted to "Harlem, A Community in Transition". CLARKE contributed a short story to this issue, "Revolt of the Angels", as well as a book review. The section of the magazine devoted to sketches on the contributors notes that "John H. Clarke, Associate Editor of 'Freedomways', conceived and planned the idea for this special issue devoted to Harlem..."

- 3 -

CLARKE contributed book reviews to the Fall, 1963, and Spring, 1964, issues of the magazine and also helped compile a section of the magazine on "Recent Books". He contributed a short story, "Return to the Inn", to the Summer, 1964, issue as well as two book reviews.

NY T-2 furnished information on October 27, 1963, reflecting that in September, 1963, CLARKE stated that he hoped to undertake fund-raising procedures for "Freedomways", such as establishing "Friends of Freedomways" groups in major cities whose purpose would be to solicit subscriptions to the magazine. He said that he and ESTHER JACKSON would be available to speak to any groups in the Chicago area who were interested in contributing to this effort.

### ESTHER JACKSON

The Summer, 1964, issue of "Freedomways" lists ESTHER JACKSON as its Managing Editor.

ESTHER JACKSON is the wife of JAMES JACKSON whom NY T-4, on January 13, 1964, described as a member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA).

NY T-5 advised on September 20, 1963, that the Amistad Society of Chicago presented a panel discussion on the subject, "The Black Writer in an Era of Struggle", on August 23, 1963, at the Liberty Baptist Church, 4849 South Park, Chicago. A program for the affair listed JOHN H. CLARKE as one of the panelists. NY T-5 said that it was learned that CLARKE spoke on the value of the quarterly publication, "Freedomways".

- 4 -

The August 30, 1963, issue of "Muhammad Speaks", page 9, contains an article advertising the Amistad Society affair featuring JOHN H. CLARKE and others. This article describes the Amistad Society as a Chicago organization devoted to historical research and study of achievements and gifts of people of African descent in the United States and throughout the world.

"Muhammad Speaks" is the publication of the Nation of Islam, a characterization of which is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-5 advised on September 20, 1963, that on August 22, 1963, a meeting of the African - American Herltage Association (AAHA) was held at AAHA Headquarters, 306 East 43rd Street, Chicago, Illinois, which was advertised as the Du Sable Week Celebration. NY T-5 stated that among those who attended was JOHN CLARKE, the Associate Editor of "Freedomways", who promoted the sale of this publication, stating that the articles were of great importance to an insight on the Negro. CLARKE urged everyone to get a copy of the Centennial Edition of "Freedomways" and his speech centered around the role of the author in the freedom movement. The source also furnished a flyer which was an invitation to the Du Sable Week Celebration "in commemoration of Chicago's first settler" to be held during the period of August 18 - 24, It stated that the AAHA would present noted Afro-American writers on August 22, 1963, at AAHA Headquarters, one of whom would be CLARKE. The flyer also contained the comment "Introducing and Reemphasizing the Quarterly 'Freedomways'".

A characterization of the AAHA is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

On the following dates, NY T-2 made available information showing that CLARKE was engaged in activities on behalf of "Freedomways" magazine such as soliciting articles, establishing collaboration and exchange relationships with foreign publications, sending copies to foreign contacts to acquaint them with the magazine, attempting to increase circulation in this country and abroad:

September 22, 1963 October 27, 1963 January 12, 1964 April 5, 1964 June 14, 1964 October 18, 1964

NY T-1 advised on July 9, 1964, that, on that date, CLARKE commented that he had just received an appointment to act as Heritage Director at HARYOU. He described it as the first decent salary he had had in ten years and that he puts in twenty hours a week there in addition to his time at "Freedomways".

On August 18, 1964, NY T-1 advised that, on that date, CLARKE stated that he is teaching African History at HARYOU - ACT.

"The New York Times", October 28, 1964, page 46, column 1, described HARYOU - ACT as a Harlem Youth project formed by the merging of two organizations, Harlem Youth Opportunities Unlimited and Associated Community Teams. It said that the Harlem project is an attempt to improve the status of underprivileged youths.

NY T-6 advised on September 1, 1964, that, on that date, an employee of "Freedomways" stated that CLARKE had been broadcasting to everyone that he is the Director of the African Heritage Committee for the HARYOU - ACT project.

### C. ACTIVITIES INDICATING CP AFFILIATION.

MY T-2 furnished information on January 12, 1964, reflecting that in December, 1963, HERBERT APTHEKER invited CLARKE to attend the provisional organizing meeting of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) on December 19, 1963, and that CLARKE accepted.

### HERBERT APTHEKER

NY T-7 advised in December, 1959, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee of the CP, USA at its 17th National Convention held in December, 1959.

NY T-8 advised on Cctober 26, 1964, that, as of October, 1964, HERBERT APTHEKER was the National Director of AIMS.

A characterization of AIMS is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-9 made available information on July 1, 1964, reflecting the identities of those who attended the first and founding meeting of AINS, which was held on December 19, 1963, and which was continued on January 10, 1964. JOHN HENRIK CLARKE was one of those present, and at the session of December 19, 1963, the bylaws for AINS were adopted.

NY T-2 furnished information on April 5, 1964, reflecting that on February 6, 1964, CLARKE advised HERBERT APTHEKER that he had considered carefully the matter relating to an executive assignment but did not think it advisable for him at the current time. CLARKE felt that they would be working together on several projects for the next two or three years and appreciated APTHEKER's offer to help on several projects.

MY T-10 advised on April 28, 1964, that the first symposium sponsored by AIMS was held in the Sheraton - Atlantic Hotel in New York City on April 23, 1964, and that JCHN CLARKE was present.

NY T-2 made available on June 14, 1964, information reflecting that in May, 1964, CLARKE advised APTHEKER that with respect to the plans for the annual meeting of AIMS he, CLARKE, had no particular preference as to the time of the meeting and would be in New York City during the entire month of October, 1964.

NY T-9 made available information on August 14, 1964, reflecting that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE of "Freedomways" magazine is an "Associate" of AIMS.

On September 8, 1963, NY T-11 made available a copy of the Fall Term, 1963, Bulletin of the New York School for Marxist Studies (NYSMS). Listed among the scheduled instructors for the Fall Term, scheduled to run from October 11, 1963 through November 25, 1963, is JOHN HENRIK CLARKE.

A characterization of the NYSMS is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

- 8 -

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NY T-12 advised on December 27, 1963, that, according to a member of the 11th Assembly District Club of the Harlem Region CP and a member of the County Committee CP of New York, a special meeting was to be called on January 19, 1961, to formulate plans for a Freedomways Forum meeting. Serving on the committee would be another member of the 11th Assembly District CP Club and JOHN H. CLARKE of "Freedomways" magazine.

A characterization of Freedomways Forum, under the heading, Harlem Freedomways Forum, is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

On January 12, 1964, NY T-2 made available a copy of a form letter on the stationery of "Freedomways" which was addressed to the readers of that magazine. It stated that "a number of 'Freedomways' readers in the Harlem community had suggested to us that the time is ripe to organize some kind of community Forum under 'Freedomways' auspices" and that undoubtedly the readers would have some opinions on the matter. The letter invites the recipient to attend the discussion on the proposals for the forum which would be held on January 19, 1964, at 144 West 138th Street, New York City. The letter was signed by CLARKE as Associate Editor and by ESTHER JACKSON as Managing Editor.

NY T-1 advised on January 15, 1964, that, on that date, CLARKE stated that the Freedomways Forum was going to be one of ideas to publicize the magazine and to associate it with dynamic ideas developing in the community. He added that it would be held on January 19, 1964, at the Adam Clayton Powell Center.

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NY T-13 advised on February 5, 1964, that on January 19, 1964, the Harlem Freedomways Forum held a meeting at the Adam Clayton Powell Center, New York City, and that JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways" gave the main report. According to NY T-13, CLARK raised the point of what people really want in the way of a forum. He recalled that past forums helped to develop Negro youth become future leaders of the community. CLARKE brought out that the purpose of the meeting was to find out what kind of forum the people wanted. He spoke other forums and suggested topics for discussion.

On January 20, 1964, NY T-14 furnished similar information about the January 19, 1964, meeting.

On March 5, 1964, NY T-13 advised that there was held an Executive Committee meeting of the Harlem Freedomways Forum in New York City on February 27, 1964. JOHN CLARKE was present for part of the meeting, the purpose of which was to make final arrangements for a membership meeting on March 1, 1964.

NY T-13 advised on March 5, 1964, that the membership meeting of the Harlem Freedomways Forum was held on March 1, 1964, at which ESTHER JACKSON spoke first on the subject of "Freedomways". She said that the forum would complement the work of Freedomways Associates. NY T-13 stated that JOHN CLARKE was present at this meeting.

On March 2, 1964, NY T-14 furnished similar information about the March 1, 1964, meeting.

NY T-13 advised on July 27, 1964, that, on July 12, 1964, a forum was held at 340 East 106th Street, by the Harlem Freedomways Forum where the subject of high school drop outs and education was discussed. JOHN CLARKE made the summation at the end of the discussion period.

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NY T-14 advised on August 25, 1964, that an Executive Committee meeting of the Harlem Freedomways Forum was held at Bermuda Hall, New York City, on August 21, 1964. LILLIAN MARTINEZ acted as Chairman of the meeting and indicated that it was necessary to arrange for a meeting which she and would attend, the purpose of which would be to discuss the Harlem Freedomways Forum, especially as to whether the forum should pull away from Freedomways Associates.

### LILLIAN MARTINEZ

NY T-14 advised on August 25, 1964, that LILLIAN MARTINEZ is a member of the 11th Assembly District CP Club.

NY T-13 advised on September 18, 1964, that a Harlem Freedomways Forum committee meeting at the office of "Freedomways" magazine was held on September 14, 1964. NY T-13 said that ESTHER JACKSON informed the committee that after discussion with JOHN CIARKE she felt that the association between the forum and the magazine was not in the best interests of the magazine. She said that the magazine is a prestige publication and that the forum has not proven to be a successfully managed community organization. NY T-13 said that the forum will now be called the Harlem Freedom Forum.

On September 16, 1964, NY T-14 furnished similar information concerning the meeting at the office of "Freedomways" on September 14, 1964. In addition, JACK-said that it was the opinion of herself and JOHN CLARKE that, at this time, they at "Freedomways" could not afford to be affiliated with the Harlem Freedomways Forum.

"The Worker", in its issue of November 5, 1963, page 6, column 1, contains an announcement of a memorial tribute to Dr. W.E.B. DU BOIS to be held on the night of November 27, 1963, at Academy Hall, New York City, under the auspices of the NYSMS. It states that the speakers would be JOHN HENRIK CLARKE and HERBERT AFTHEKER.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

"The New York Times", August 28, 1963, page 3, contains an article datelined at Accra, Ghana, stating thet W.E.B. DU BOIS died on August 28, 1963. It states that he went to Ghana as the guest of President KWAME NKRUMAH to become Director of the Encyclopedia Africana, which was sponsored by the Government of Ghana and became a citizen of that country. The article also states that "During his later years, he was active in many left-wing and Communist activities. In the Fall of 1961, at the age of 93, he joined the Communist Party."

NY T-15 advised on December 2, 1963, that, on the night of November 27, 1963, a memorial tribute in honor of W.E.B. DU BOIS was held in Academy Hall, New York City, under the auspices of the NYSMS. At this affair, the principal speakers were JOHN HENRIK CLARKE and HERBERT APTHEKER. CLARKE was the first speaker, and he spoke for about 25 minutes on the interest of DU BOIS in Africa and on the history of the Negro race.

Substantially the same information concerning the above meeting was furnished by the following sources on the dates indicated:

Source	Date Furnished
NY T-10 NY T-16	November 29, 1963 December 2, 1963
NY T-17 NY T-18	December 3, 1963 December 2, 1963
NY T-19	December 3, 1963
NY T-21	December 6, 1963 December 5, 1963

NY T-17 advised on February 5, 1964, that, on January 19, 1964, HYMAN GOLDSTEIN stated that his CP club was sponsoring a meeting to be held on Tuesday evening, January 21, 1964, at the Allerton Center for JOHN CLARKE, Associate Editor of "Freedomways".

#### HYMAN GOLDSTEIN

NY T-17 reported on various dates between August 22, 1963, and July 15, 1964, that HYMAN GOLDSTEIN had admitted he was a member of the CP, Bronx, New York, as of those periods. NY T-17 said that GOLDSTEIN admitted his CP membership as of July, 1964.

"The Worker", issue of January 14, 1964, contained an announcement that JOHN H. CLARKE, Associate Editor of "Freedomways", and a lecturer and teacher, would speak on "The African Freedom and Liberation Movement" on January 21, 1964, under the auspices of the Allerton Avenue Forum, 683 Allerton Avenue, Bronx, New York.

A similar announcement appeared in the "National Guardian", January 16, 1964, page 11, column 2.

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A characterization of the "National Guardian" is set forth, in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-22 advised on January 24, 1964, that the Allerton Forum held an open meeting on January 21, 1964, at the Allerton Center, Bronx, New York, to hear a lecture by JCHN CLARKE. CLARKE was introduced by BELLA HALEBSKY as a teacher and lecturer on African affairs. CLARKE spoke on African history, dating back to the 13th century. He was not received very enthusiastically. He asked for no fee for the lecture but for subscriptions to the magazine, "Freedomways".

#### BELLA HALEBSKY

NY T-23 advised on September 4, 1964, that, on August 19, 1964, the Bronx County CP held a county meeting at the Bronx Cultural Club, 868 East 180th Street, Bronx, New York, and that BELLA HALEBSKY was in attendance.

The following sources furnished similar information concerning the meeting at the Allerton Center on January 21, 1964, on the dates indicated:

Source	Date Furni:	ched
NY T-24 NY T-25 NY T-26 NY T-27 NY T-28	January 27 January 24 January 27 January 27 January 22	, 1964 , 1964 , 1964

NY T-2 furnished information on January 12, 1964, reflecting that in November, 1963, ESTHER JACKSON, as Managing Editor of "Freedomways", advised Miss GERTRUDE GELBIN, Chief Editor of Seven Seas Publishers, that she was confirming the fact that CLARKE had been given permission to use the contents of the Summer, 1963, issue of "Freedomways" and other material copyrighted by the magazine in the anthology, "Harlem: USA". She said this permission was granted provided that "Freedomways" is reimbursed for the authors' fees which were paid for the material and that the anthology contain a preface note to the effect that the material was being used with the permission of "Freedomways" and that the main body of material was taken from the Summer, 1963, issue.

On October 18, 1964, NY T-2 made available a throwaway announcing that Seven Seas Books "The Paperbacks in the English Language Published in the German Democratic Republic" was presenting a new book, "Harlem: USA", which was edited by and contains an introduction from JOHN HENRIK CLARKE. It states that it is a book for all who want to know about the Negro today in the United States. It also states that the book can be ordered now from the Jefferson Book Shop, 100 East 16th Street, New York City.

A characterization of the Jefferson Book Shop, Incorporated is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

#### D. MISCELLANEOUS

NY T-32, on September 18, 1961, made available a pamphlet entitled "The American Negro Writer and his Roots", which was published by the American Society of African Culture in 1960 in New York City. This pamphlet contains selected papers from the First Conference of Negro Writers held in New York City during the period February 28, 1959, to March 1, 1959. It also contains photographs of the "Conference Planning Committee". Included on this committee were JOHN O. KILLENS, the Chairman, JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, JULIAN MAYFIELD and SARA E. WRIGHT, among others.

It notes that the Conference was sponsored by the American Society of African Culture and that the Negro Writers "discussed the materials used by Negro Writers, social responsibility and protest writing, marketing problems and opportunities for the development of Negro Writers."

This pamphlet contains an article by CLARKE entitled "Reclaiming the Lost African Heritage". In this article, CLARKE states that he is not of the school that believes that people of African descent in the Western world have no African heritage to reclaim. He adds that the image of Africa was distorted by imperialists as being a savage and backward land because they sought to justify their destruction of African cultural patterns and ways of life. He notes that scholars have pointed to an African heritage which he feels must be reclaimed in order to reconcile American Negroes in general and Negro writers in particular with their roots.

#### JOHN O. KILLENS

On February 26, 1962, JOHN O. KILLENS was interviewed under oath by R. F. RYAN, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, at which time KILLENS said he had been a member of the Washington Committee for Democratic Action, had been a delegate to a 1941 conference of the American Youth Congress, and had participated in activities of and made contributions to the National Negro Congress. He said he had never been an active member of this organization.

The Washington Committee for Democratic Action, the American Youth Congress, and the National Negro Congress have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

#### JULIAN MAYFIELD

The "Daily Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, which ceased publication on January 13, 1958, in its issue of August 2, 1951, page 7, column 3, reflected that JULIAN MAYFIELD then was Chairman of the Subcommittee on Unemployment, Committee for the Negro in the Arts, 261 West 125th Street, New York, New York.

The Committee for the Negro in the Arts has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NY T-33 advised on September 20. 1955, that he received information that three leaders of the Partido Comunista Puertorriqueno (PCP) (Communist Party of Puerto Rico) had visited in Naranjito, Puerto Rico, prior to the date the information was furnished, where they talked to the wife of JULIAN MAYFIELD. During the discussion between the three leaders and ANA LIVIA CORDERO. MAYFIELD's wife, JULIAN MAYFIELD was mentioned as a potential recruit for a new PCP club in Naranjito. Puerto Rico, which was to be formed subsequent to instant date.

NY T-34 advised on a date prior to August, 1955, that the PCP was a CP in its own right and not a district organization of the CP, USA, although it is based on the same Marxist - Leninist principles as the CP, USA.

NY T-35 advised on April 29, 1961, that JULIAN MAYFIELD was in attendance at the First Anniversary Banquet of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC), where he was introduced from the floor as the co-author of an FPCC advertisement which appeared in the April 21, 1961 edition of "The New York Times."

A characterization of the FPCC is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

#### SARA WRIGHT

NY T-36 advised on September 4, 1963, that SARA WRIGHT, whose married name is KAYE, had been employed as Arts and Crafts Director at Camp Midvale, New Jersey, for about five weeks, June - July, 1963.

A characterization of Camp Midvale, under the caption, Metropolitan Recreation Association appears in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-37 advised on August 17, 1953, that SARA WRIGHT was a member of the CP, Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware.

On September 10, 1963, Mr. JACK ZUCKER, President of the Eastern News Distributors, 255 Seventh Avenue, New York City, advised that he had been approached by JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways" magazine to handle the distribution of "Freedomways". He said that he asked

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CLARKE if the magazine was strictly pushing for equal rights for Negroes or if it were pushing some kind of ideology. CLARKE told him that the magazine had no Communist connections and he, ZUCKER, agreed to handle its distribution.

Mr. ZUCKER added that after reading issues of the magazine, he got the feeling that it was getting to be anti-American. He said that he met other people connected with the magazine in addition to CLARKE and that they appeared to be educated Negro intellectuals. However, from talking to them and reading the magazine, he felt they "had an axe to grind" and that it was not "the American axe". He felt they were extremists with no love for the white man, that they were pro-Negro, pro-African and Anti-American. He said that he could not say they were pro-Communist but, personally, he would not trust them as far as this country is concerned. He said that because of his feeling about the magazine, he discontinued its distribution.

On January 12, 196!, NY T-2 made available information reflecting that CLARKE, in November, 1963, contacted JULIAN MAYFIELD, who could be reached in care of the Academy of Science in Accra, Ghana, West Africa. CLARKE commented on the assassination of President and made stupid statements about the President's death. He said the civil rights movement was at a standstill and should not be. He stated that they should "shed our tear", if they were sorry and "go on with the revolution". He added that the circle of people with which one could be honest is disappearing and that he was "openly questioning whether this country is worth living in."

NY T-1 advised on January 9, 1964, that
CLARKE had stated that he was disgusted with ESTHER
JACKSON and because he had done all the
work gathering material for the All Southern issue of
"Freedomways", but he was not allowed any say as to
what material would appear. He mentioned that he
had received a rine history of the Negro protest
movement but that JACKSON and would not print
it because it talked of an attempted Communist take-
over of the Negro movement. CLARKE complained that
was supposed to be handling promotion but was
making editorial decisions.
NY T-4 advised in July. 1962. that as
of that period,
who is also known as was
considered by the CP, USA as being a

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NY T-2 furnished information on January 12, 1964, reflecting that, on December 13, 1963, CLARKE revealed that he was assisting the preparation of a documentary radio program on Dr. W.E.B. DU BOIS.

member of its National Committee.

NY T-1 advised on January 17, 1964, that, on that date, CLARKE contacted the "National Guardian" concerning a pamphlet which a Paris, France, magazine, known as "Presence Africaine", wanted. He arranged to have the necessary copies sent to the magazine by the "National Guardian".

NY T-1 advised on January 21, 1964, that, on that date, CLARKE contacted WILLIAM WEINSTONE on a business matter.

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#### WILLIAM WEINSTONE

NY T-31 advised on January 22, 1961, that WILLIAM WEINSTONE was elected a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA at a meeting of that Committee on January 22, 1961.

NY T-2 furnished information on April 5, 1964, reflecting that in March, 1964, CLARKE stated that he had asked to edit a special issue of the magazine, "Presence Africate", to be published in Paris in French and English on the theme, "The Black Revolution in the US". He said this special issue would concern the struggle for civil rights in the United States and the re-awakening of American Negroes to this struggle and potential.

On May 28, 1964, NY T-38 made available information reflecting that CLARKE contacted BETTY GANNETT of the NYSMS on April 8, 1964 and apologized for not getting some material to her. NY T-38 was unable to describe the material which CLARKE mentioned.

#### BETTY GANNETT TORMEY

NY T-39 advised on August 20, 1964, that BETTY GANNETT TORMEY is a member of the New York District CP Board and is in charge of finances for the District.

NY T-40 advised on April 14, 1964, that Washington,

O.C., arranged to meet with ESTHER JACKSON and JOHN CLARKE on April 16, 1964. He apologized for the failure of the Legation to send in a subscription to "Freedomways" and said he would subscribe personally.

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NY T-41 advised on June 6, 1964, that, on that date, MALCOLM LITTLE commented that they had been in the process of trying to lay the structure for a new organization which would not be the Muslim organization but would get grass roots support which was not based on religious belief. He indicated that they had held "brainstorm" sessions and that JOHN HENRY CLARKE and six others were assigned the task of going over all the ideas:*

#### MALCOLM LITTLE

MALCOIM LITTLE is the head of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU).

A characterization of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the OAAU each are set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-1 advised on July 10, 1964, that, on that date, JOHN CLARKE announced that he and his wife were going to Camp Kinderland on the weekend of July 25, 1964.

A characterization of Camp Kinderland is set forth in the Appendix pages of this report.

NY T-1 furnished information on July 9, and 15, 1964, reflecting that JOHN CLARKE had collaborated on a record on African Heritage with RICHARD MOORE and

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#### RICHARD B. MOORE

MOORE was interviewed on April 23, 1956. by SAS and

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at which time he admitted that he was a former member of the CP, but said he was not then a CP member. He estimated his period of membership as being from the late 1920's to 1940, at which time he was expelled. However, he declined to discuss why he was expelled.

He admitted that he was a speaker at a CP sponsored birthday party for WILLIAM PATTERSON on August 26, 1954, in New York City, pointing out that he and PATTERSON are old and cherished friends and that he would speak highly of PATTERSON at any time or place.

NY T-17 advised on September 22, 1961, that MOORE was the Chairman of a reception to welcome home HENRY WINSTON, held on September 7, 1961, at the Hotel Theresa, New York City. NY T-17 said MOORE spoke at the reception and praised the efforts of WINSTON in the struggle for the defense of the Constitution of the United States.

#### WILLIAM L. PATTERSON

NY T-39 advised on September 16, 1964, that WILLIAM L. PATTERSON is the Chairman of the New York District CP.

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#### HENRY WINSTON

NY T-31 advised on August 13, 1961, that HENRY WINSTON was elected a member of the National Committee, CP, USA, and Vice Chairman of the Party, at a meeting of the National Committee of the CP, USA, held on August 12 and 13, 1961.

The Spring, 1964, ways" describes	issue of	f "Freedom-
ways" describes		as a

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New York

"Freedomways" Editorial Committee.

NY T-42 advised on February 13, 1964, that

JOHN CLARKE desired to see FELIX CUMMINGS because they were planning a special issue of "Freedomways" devoted to the West Indies and he wanted to tet an article and basic information from CUMMINGS.

NY T-42 also advised on February 13, 1964, that CLARKE told CUMMINGS on that date that an issue was being prepared on the Caribbean area and that he wanted to discuss the details with CUMMINGS.

#### **FELIX** A. CUMMINGS

FELIX A. CUMMINGS is registered with the United States Department of Justice under the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, in his capacity as Public Relations and Information Officer of British Guiana.

The Summer, 1964, issue of "Freedomways" is a special issue devoted to "The People of the Caribbean Area". FELIX CUMMINGS contributed an article, "British Guiana in Transition", to this issue. A footnote to the article describes CUMMINGS as the Head of the British Guiana Public Relations and Information Office in New York City and also the Official Petitioner on Behalf of the British Guiana Government to the United Nations and Personal Representative of Prime Minister CHEDDI JAGAN.

- NY T-42 also advised on May 26, 1964, and June 24, 1964, that CLARKE contacted CUMMINGS on those dates concerning the article CUMMINGS was preparing for "Freedomways".
- On September 1, 1964, NY T-42 advised that CLARKE was in contact with CUMMINGS concerning his impression of the Caribbean issue of "Freedomways".
  - NY T-42 advised on June 25, 1964, that, on that date, CUMMINGS discussed with CLARKE the possibility of "Freedomways" issuing certain material which could not be mailed from the British Guiana Public Relations Office. According to NY T-42, CLARKE promised to look into the matter.
- NY T-42 advised on July 1, 1964, that CUMMINGS had entertained members of the press corps and that it was indicated that among those who were present was JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways".
  - CUMMINGS was in contact with CLARKE concerning a new book entitled "The Ordeal of British Guiana" by PHILIP RENO.

    CUMMINGS said he had been asked to distribute some of these books and suggested that CLARKE display the book for sale purposes on August 16, 1964. CLARKE suggested to him that RICHARD B. MOORE would be amenable to this idea and promised to have MOORE contact CUMMINGS.

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#### PHILIP RENO

PHILIP RENO executed a signed statement on December 13, 1948, in the
presence of THOMAS G. SPENCER and
Special Agents of
the Federal Eureau of Investigation,
in which he related that he was a
member of the CP from early 1944 to
1948, at which time he was expelled from
the Party.

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NY T-42 advised on August 12, 1964, that CLARKE, on that date, requested the secretary of FELIX CUMMINGS to inform him that RICHARD B. MOORE would like to have the books and wanted them in time to display them on Sunday, August 16, 1964.

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#### APPENDIX

AFRICAN AMERICAN HERITAGE ASSOCIATION Formerly Known as Afro-American Heritage Association

Records of Corporation Division, Secretary of State, State of Illinois, reviewed June 24, 1959, reflect that Articles of Incorporation, Non-Profit, for Afro-American Heritage Association were filed October 3, 1958, giving the purpose of the organization as being "to spread wide and far the history and heritage of people of African descent to Negroes and to the whole American people,..."

A source advised on May 8, 1963, that African American Heritage Association (AAHA), with headquarters at 306 East 43rd Street, Chicago, Illinois, was known as Afro-American Heritage Association until February, 1961. It was founded by ISHMAEL FLORY for the ostensible purpose of teaching African History and culture to American Negroes. AAHA is strongly influenced by the Communist Party (CP) of Illinois. It has a governing board represented by both Communists and non - Communist members and some individuals with strong nationalistic tendencies. This board decides policy, reflecting CP policy on some issues and opposing CP policy on other issues; for example, the CP rejects the concept of Afro-American as a reference term to the American Negro and rejects aspects of nationalism, both of which are reflected in the AAHA program.

FLORY is a member of the Negro Commission, CP of Illinois, and theoretically under the discipline of the CP. He continues to be the guiding force in AAHA.

A second source advised on May 9, 1963, that during the latter part of 1962, the CP of Illinois, South Side Executive Board, worked with ISHMAEL FLORY and CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, leading CP of Illinois policy-maker,



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#### **APPENDIX**

AFRICAN AMERICAN HERITAGE ASSOCIATION Formerly Known as Afro-American Heritage Association

to organize two AAHA chapters in Chicago Congressional District wards, which, according to FLORY, would provide avenues in the local level to discuss issues and Afro-American history and for the solution of current problems within the context of Marxist theory. These chapters, Crispus Attucks and First Settlers Chapters are under the leadership of South Side Club CP members and their aims include efforts to recruit new CP members and reactivation of ex-CP members.

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#### AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR MARXIST STUDIES

A source advised on April 9, 1963, that on April 7, 1963, at a meeting of the District Committee of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA) of New England, held in Boston, Massachusetts, HERBERT APTHEKER stated he was developing an organization called American Institute For Marxist Studies (AIMS), which would eventually legalize the CP. He stated AIMS would publish literature on History, Science, Physics, Archeology and other subjects which would be put out quarterly with various supplements.

A second source advised in December, 1959, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee, CP, USA, at the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA, held in December, 1959.

A third source advised on June 7, 1963, that on June 3, 1963, HERBERT APTHEKER spoke at the CP, USA, New York District Board meeting concerning AIMS. APTHEKER stated that AIMS would unite and strengthen the CP although the CP would not be connected with it. He stated AIMS was being formed to operate within the scope of the MC CARRAN and SMITH Acts and would legally bring Marxist material and opinions to the attention of American scholars and the general public.

A fourth source advised on May 15, 1964, that, as of that date, AIMS was located on the fifth floor west at 20 East 30th Street, New York City, New York.

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APPENDIX (U)

#### CAMP KINDERLAND

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on En-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning Camp-Kinderland:

"Camp Kinderland (Hopewell Junction, N.Y.)

"1. 'The Communist management of six camps in New York State and another in California was exposed by committee investigations and hearings.' Listed among these is Camp Einderland, in children's camp owned and operated since 1951 by Camp Lakeland, Inc.

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respectively of Camp Lakeland, Inc., 'have been active members of the Communist Party.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1955, House Report 1648, January 17, 1956, originally released January 11, 1956, pp. 2, 8, and 9.)"



1. APPENDIX

#### FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. This source added that during the past year there had been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that their influence as of May, 1963, was negligible.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that VINCENT "TED" LEE, FPCC National Office Director, was then formulating FPCC policy and had indicated that he had no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. This source stated that LEE believed that the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and should support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations. LEE did not advocate supporting the Cuban revolution per se.

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#### APPENDIX



#### FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The November 23, 1963, edition of "The New York Times" reported that Senator THOMAS J. DODD of Connecticut had called FPCC "the chief public relations instrument of the CASTRO network in the United States." It is to be noted that Senator DODD was a member of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee which twice conducted hearings on the FPCC.

The December 27, 1963, edition of "The New York World Telegram and Sun" newspaper stated that the pro-CASTRO FPCC was seeking to go out of business and that its prime activity during its lifetime had been sponsor-ship of pro-CASTRO street rallies and mass picket lines, and the direction of an active propaganda mill highlighting illegal travel-to-Cuba campaigns. Its comparatively brief span of life was attributed to mounting anti-CASTRO American public opinion, the 1962 Congressional hearings which disclosed FPCC financing by CASTRO's United Nations Delegation, and ultimately, the bad publicity which the FPCC received from disclosure of activities on its behalf by suspected presidential assassin, LEE H. OSWALD.

On February 6, 1964, the previously mentioned second source advised that V. T. LEE had recently remarked that the FPCC was dead and that there were no plans to organize another similar organization.

On April 13, 1964, a third source advised that there had not been any FFCC activity in many months and that the FPCC had been dissolved.



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#### APPENDIX

HARLEM FREEDOMWAYS FORUM Also known as Freedomways Forum

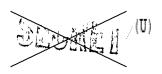
A source advised on May 18, 1962, that WILLIAM ALBERTSON had contacted LILLIAN MARTINEZ during May, 1962, at which time he requested her to take the assignment of forming a new organization, the formation of which had been previously discussed at Harlem Communist Party (CP) meetings, which would be called Freedomways Forum and which in appearance would be a non-CP organization but in effect would be a new front for the Harlem CP through which all Harlem CP work would be accomplished.

The source advised on November 6, 1963, that a meeting of a committee specifically selected by the 11th A.D. Club of the Harlem CP was held at 2235 5th Avenue, New York, New York, on November 1, 1963, at which a definite decision was made to establish the Freedomways Forum which would be known as the Harlem Freedomways Forum (HFF). It was unanimously agreed that the HFF would be a broad front formed by the CP not only to discuss the problems of the community but also to serve as a source of recruitment of new members for the CP.

The source advised on April 4, 1964, that the HFF has no headquarters, but uses the address of Freedomways Associates, Inc., 799 Broadway, New York, New York.

A second source advised on November 8, 1962, that WILLIAM ALBERTSON was the Executive Secretary of the New York District, CP, USA.

A third source advised on April 2, 1963, that LILLIAN MARTINEZ was a member of the Harlem Region of the CP, USA.



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APPENDIX

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#### JEFFERSON BOOK SHOP, INCORPORATED

A source provided information in the spring of 1945 which indicated that the Jefferson Book Shop, Incorporated, (JBS) had officially opened on April 1, 1944.

The records of the New York County Supreme Court reflected that on December 3, 1946, papers were filed with the Department of State, State of New York, incorporating the JBS, Incorporated, to sell books and magazines at wholesale and retail among other purposes.

LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former Managing Editor of the "Daily Worker," an East Coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958, and a self-admitted member of the Communist Party (CP) until 1945, advised in March, 1947, that the JBS was one of a number of outlets for Communist Party literature which had been set up by the CP.

A second source advised on February 14, 1961, that at a meeting of the New York District CP Staff held that date, DANIEL RUBEL gave a report on the operation of the JBS. He announced that it had shown a small profit in 1960 and that approximately 35 per cent of the sales was of Marxist - Progressive material. A number of suggestions were advanced by those present to improve the sales of CP literature at the JBS and it was announced that 63 young people, who had come into contact with the party through the JBS, were thinking about joining the party and some were recurits into the party.

A third source advised on February 1, 1961, that on that date HY LUMER, CP, USA Educational Director, referred to DANIEL RUBEL as being in charge of literature distribution of the New York District of the CP, USA.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company on April 20, 1964, lists the JBS as being located at 100 East 16th Street, New York City.

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#### APPENDIX

#### MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) and Minister of NOI Mosque #7, New York, who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in times of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

During an appearance over KYW - Television, Cleveland, Ohio, on April 7, 1964, MALCOLM X stated that the MMI does not stand for integration, but for complete freedom, justice, and equality for Negroes. He stated that Islam was the religious philosophy of the MMI, while the political, economic and social philosophy was black nationalism.

On May 15, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City, where they were established on March 16, 1964.

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#### APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7, NEW YORK CITY

On May 5, 1964, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque #7, also known as Temple #7, and is located at 102 West 116th Street, New York City. Mosque #7 is part of the NOI neaded by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, with head-quarters in Chicago, Illinois. Mosque #7 has two branches; Mosque #7B at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens, New York City, and Mosque #7C at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York. These branches are part of Mosque #7.

The date Mosque #7 originated in New York City is not known.

However, in connection with the origin of Mosque #7, it should be noted that in 1953 a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.

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#### APPENDIX

#### NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES

In September, 1960, a source advised it was announced at a meeting of the Communist Party, United States of America, (CP, USA), New York District (NYD), Staff, held September 16, 1960, that the People's School for Marxist Studies was founded in September, 1960, as the result of a decision of the CP, USA, NYD. Adult classes were scheduled to start October 17, 1960.

"The Worker," an East Coast Communist newspaper, October 16, 1960, issue, announced the opening of the New York School for Marxist Studies (NYSMS) with general classes beginning October 17, 1960, and Student Committee on Progressive Education (SCOPE) (Youth) Classes beginning October 14, 1960. The address of the School is Room 1922, 853 Broadway at 14th Street, New York, New York.

The records of Pierce Mayer & Greer, 41 East 42nd Street, New York City, reflect that on August 29, 1960, HERBERT APTHEKER leased Room 1922-23, 853 Broadway, New York City, for the period starting October 1, 1960. The premises were to be occupied by a "People's School." On July 3, 1962, HERBERT APTHEKER signed a new lease for Room 1922-23, 853 Broadway, New York City, to start October 1, 1962, which reflects that the premises were to be used as an office for the NYSMS.

During April and May, 1964, a second source furnished information that the NYSMS was then in operation at 853 Broadway, New York, New York.

A third source advised on December 14, 1959, that at the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA, held December 10 - 13, 1959, HERBERT APTHEKER was elected a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA.

The May, 1963, issue of "Political Affairs," self-described as the theoretical organ of the CP, USA, reflects that HERBERT APTHEKER has been replaced as editor of that publication after holding this position for several years.

A characterization of SCOPE is included in the appendix.

# OCCUPANTAL (U)

NY- 97-2204



#### 1.

#### APPENDIX

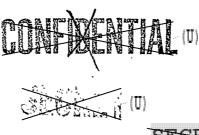
### ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

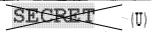
On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.







In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York

November 23, 1964

Title John Henrik Clarke

	•	ь6 ь70
Character	Security Matter - C	
Agent Reference New York.	is made to the report of Special dated and captioned as above at	ιl
	pt any listed below) whose identities communication have furnished reliable	
NY $T-30$ , who is	a confidential source	

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### UNIXED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bu 97-4575

New York, New York January 20, 1965

Re: John Henrik Clarke

John Henrik Clarke, also known as John Henry Clarke, resides with his wife at 2186 Fifth Avenue, New York City. He is employed as an Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, at 799 Broadway, New York City. He also teaches African history at Haryou - Act, 180 West 135th Street, New York City.

A characterization of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, is set forth in the Appendix pages.

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Clarke was born on January 1, 1915, at Union Springs, Alabama. He is a dark complected Negro, 5'6" in height, 165 pounds and chunky in build.

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past, has advised that Clarke attended the first and founding meeting of the American Institute of Marxist Studies held on December 19, 1963, and is one of those who are described as "associates" of that organization.

A characterization of Aims is set forth in the Appendix.pages.

The Reverend Richard Ashburn, Pastor of the 2nd Baptist Church, Sandusky, Ohio, on October 27, 1961, stated he has known Charke since 1948, and that Clarke told him that he joined the Communist Party (CP) in the 1930s, but broke with and left the CP in 1942, because he felt the CP was using the Negro race to further their own ends and doing nothing for the Negro as such.

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CONFIDENTIAL

Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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Re: John Henrik Clarke

Clarke was interviewed on January 10, 1962, and stated he never belonged to the CP at any time in his life. He did state he was a subscriber to the "Daily Worker" for a short while, year unknown.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

The name of John Henrick Clarke appeared as a contributor of a poem in the Fall, 1947 issue of "New Foundations" described in the publishers' charter as a Marxist intellectual and cultural youth magazine.

He was a subscriber to the "Daily Worker" or "The Worker" in 1954. His name also appeared as the signer of a nominating petition sponsored by the People's Rights Party (PRP) for Benjamin Davis for State Senator, 21st Senatorial District in the November 4, 1958 election, NYC.

The PRP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The August 25, 1964 issue of "The Worker" East Coast Communist newspaper, in an article on the death of Benjamin Davis on August 22, 1964, states that he was elected to the Party's National Committee at the Party's last National Convention and was elected by the National Committee to the post of National Secretary of the Party.

To:   Director FBI (RM) FII	Routing Slip FD-4 (Rev. 3-4-64)	Date
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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

BUfile 97-4575 ~ NYfile 97-2204

#### ATES DEPARTMENT OF



. BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York March 10, 1965

SUBJECT: JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

REFERENCE: Memorandum dated 1/20/65 /

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: 333 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, New York

Employment:

97-4575-

NOT RECORDED

MAR 12 1965

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FD-122 DETACHED

CODY to_s by routing slip for tado [] action

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-122 (Rev. 4-17-63)
OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

Director, FBI (Bufile- 97-4575 ) DATE: 3/10/65

SAC, NEW YORK (97-2204)

Cards UTD
Cards Sent OO
3/17/65

SM-C
(OO: NEW YORK)

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name		
Aliases		
		•
Native Born	Naturalized	Alien
Communist	Socialist Workers Party	Independent Socialist League
Miscellaneous (specify)		
Tab for Detcom	Race	Sex Male Female
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DIRECTOR, FBI (105-124338) 5/26/65 SAC, NEW YORK (105-63250) (RUC) b6 emere shown otherwise b7C  $\{U\}$ OO: WFO CLASSIFIED BY GODENIS BOTTOMS DECLASSIFY ON: 25X ReWFO airtel dated 5/11/65. Enclosed for the Bureau are 6 copies each of a LHM and Evaluation memorandum, dated and captioned as above, the extra copies being for the file of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE. Two copies each of the above described LHM are enclosed for WFO. The enclosed LHM and Evaluation memorandum are classified "Confidential" in as they reveal an investigative interest of the FBI in a member of a foreign diplomatic establishment The confidential source used to characterize CLARKE is Identity of the Special Agents observing the and CLARKE may be located in the meeting between b6 IA section of the NY file concerning b7C ReWFO airtel advised the subject would be in NYC at the Victoria Hotel, from 5/11/65, to 5/13/65. Subject was to meet with JOHN (LNU) at noon at the above Hotel, on 5/12/65. There was also a possibility that would be at the above meeting. The subject and his wife were also to possibly take a tour of the NBC-TV News Studio, under the b6 guidance of MILTON BRONW of NBC-TV. b7C on 5/14/65, Victoria Hotel, 7th Ave., at 51st St., NYC, an established source, that the subject had checked into advised SA the Victoria Hotel the morning of 5/11/65, and checked out the afternoon of 5/13/65. 3-Bureau ((105-124338) /(Encs.12) (RM) (1-97-457**9**) (CLARKE 2-Washington Field (105-55342) (Encs.4) (RM) 2-New York 184 MAY 28 1965 (1-97-2204) (CLARKE) HNCLOSULD ( ASB: pmd

NY 105-63250

onfirmation of a meeting between and the subject was received from established sources by the NYO.

b7C

No confirmation of a tour of the NBC-TV News Studio was received from established sources by the NYO.

No investigation remains outstanding at NY therefore this matter is RUC'd.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-03-2014

In Reply, Please Refer to

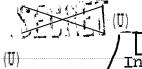
File No.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
MAY 26 1965





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The current edition of "The Diplomatic List" published by the United States Department of State, lists

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 $(\Pi)$ 

At 12:30 P.M. on May 12, 1965 was observed by Special Agents (SAS) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) to meet John Henrik Clarke, in the lobby of the Victoria Hotel, 7th Avenue, and 51st Street, New York, New York. After meeting the two men were observed to depart the Victoria Hotel, and walk north on 7th Avenue, to the Hotel Americana, where they entered the La Ronde Restaurant located just off the lobby of that Hotel.

A confidential source, on August 14, 1965, made available information reflecting that John Henrik Clarke of "Freedomways", is an "associate" of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS).

A characterization of Freedomways Associates Incorporated, publisher of the magazine "Freedomways" is set forth in the appendix pages attached hereto.

A characterization of AIMS is set forth in the appendix pages attached hereto.

CONFIDENTIAL (U)

GAPUS I

Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification (U)

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- Colons

97-4575

ENCLOSURE

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION





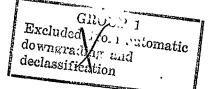
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		Reference	is made	to the	letterhead	memorandum	
dated	and	captioned as	above at	New Yor	k, New York	k.	

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

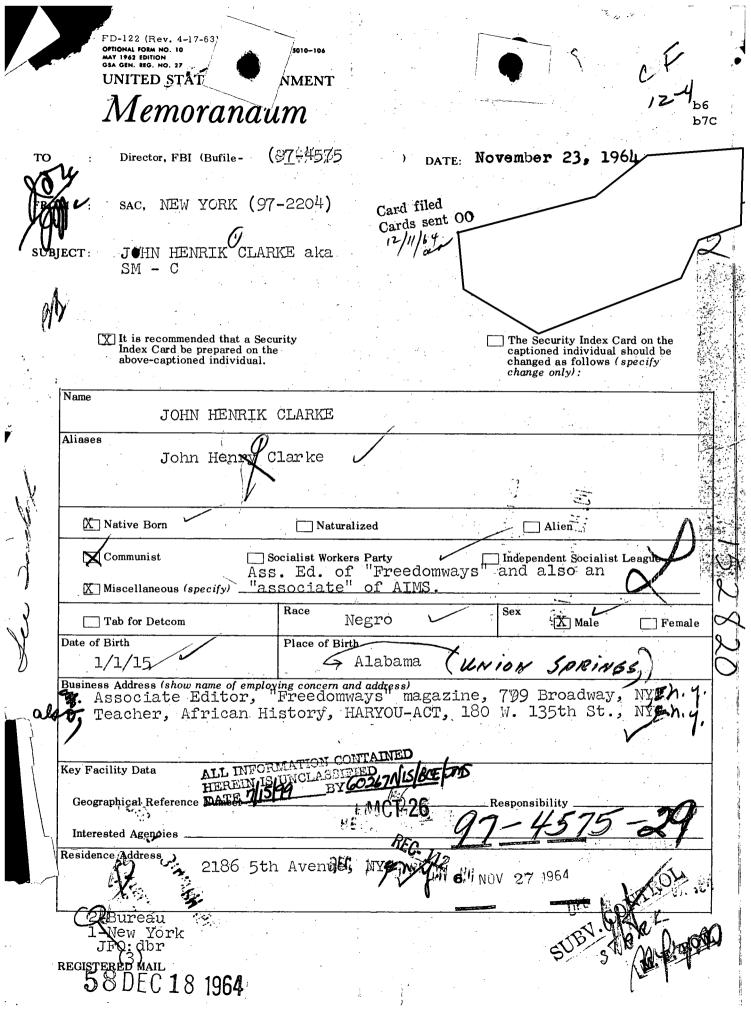
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CLARKE is presently on the Reserve Index A of the NYO. However, it is felt that his continued position as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, where he is acting as Editor, plus his association with HERBERT APTHEKER and the American Institute of Marxist Studies, of which CLARKE is an "associate" justifies placing him on the Security Index of the NYO.

- Scheduled instructors for FALL 1983 TERM OF NY School for MARKIST STUTIES

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SUBJECT: JOHN HENRIK CLARKE  SM-C (OO: NY)  There are enclosed for the Bureau nine copies of a letterhead memorandum based upon information furnished by on 7/13/65, showing that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, the Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, and Dr. CARLTON B. GOODLETT of San Francisco, California, were to attend the World Congress of Peace in Helsinki, Finland, 7/10-17/65.  On 7/8/65,  the CPUSA sent to the Soviets a list of individuals scheduled to attend the World Congress of Peace at Helsinki, Finland, 7/10-17/65. In addition, the Soviets were also advised that the publication "Freedomways" was expected to send observers.  Included, Even in Paraphrased Form, in the investigative Section Are Report, Unless Obtained From A Source Other Than  3. Bureau (97-4575) (Encls. 9) (RM) 2. San Francisco (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM) (1 - 100- ) (CARLTON GOODLETT) 1. New York (100-154048) (COMINFIL HARYOU-ACT) 1. New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42) 1. New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42) 1. New York (97-2204) (42)  IFC. and	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (97-4575)	1/23/81 - 2412 KMV/12001/Gr
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This LHM is classified "Confidential" because it contains information from the sources used, the unauthorized disclosure of which could be detrimental to the defense interests of the United States and result in the loss of sources of great value.

CONFIDENTIAL (U)

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#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bureau 97-4575 -

New York, New York July 21, 1965

Re: John Henrik Clarke Security Matter - C

A confidential source recently furnished the following information: Carton

On June 4, 1965, John Henrik Clarke, as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, contacted Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett, 1360 Turk Street, San Francisco, California, and stated that he was pleased to know that Goodlett had obtained "an all-expense invitation" for him to attend the World Congress of Peace, National Independence and General Disarmament, in Helsinki, Finland, July 10-17, 1965. Clarke said he would be able to attend the Helsinki meeting but because he had to be back in New York on July 21, probably would not be able to make the tour of the Soviet Union as a guest of the Soviet Peace Committee.

Clarke noted that as Director of the Heritage Program at Haryou-Act, he has a staff of new teachers working under him who would be able to do some of his work. He added that on the 21st of July, he had to meet with the Board of Directors of the agency and evaluate the entire Summer Teaching Program. & (U)

Clarke also mentioned that if a meeting in Accra, Ghana, materialized for December, he would be pleased to go, and, in both cases, would appreciate knowing from Goodlett what is expected of him. & (u)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WALL LACAN OTHERMALL

ENCLOSURE 97.4575-30

Re: John Henrik Clarke Security Matter - C

A characterization of Freedomways Associates, Inc., publisher of the magazine "Freedomways", is set forth in the appendix pages.

#### John Clarke

On August 14, 1964, a confidential source made available information reflecting that John Clarke of "Freedomways" was an "associate" of the American Institute of Marxist Studies (AIMS).

A characterization of AIMS is set forth in the appendix pages.

Haryou-Act is a combination of Harlem Youth Opportunities Unlimited and Associated Community Teams. It is an organization set up to secure better employment and other opportunities for Harlem youth as well as community development.

#### Carlton B. Goodlett

"The Sun Reporter", a weekly newspaper appealing to the Negro population in the San Francisco Bay Area, in its issue of July 28, 1962, set forth that Carlton Goodlett was the Chairman of the American delegation that attended the World Congress for General Disarmament and Peace, sponsored by the World Congress of Peace, held in Moscow, from July 9 to 14, 1962.

A characterization of the World Council of Peace is set forth in the appendix pages.

A confidential source advised on January 24, 1947, that on January 15, 1947, Dr. Carlton Goodlett had been discussed at a meeting of the Dewey Davis Branch of the Professional Section of the San Francisco County Communist



Re: John Henrik Clarke Security Matter - C

Party (CP) held in San Francisco. The discussion ended with the conclusion that even though Goodlett did not attend many meetings of this branch, he would continue on the roles of the CP because of the amount of work he did on the outside.

A confidential source advised that Carlton Goodlett, on February 5, 1965, disclosed that he is the only American who attends the World Council of Peace Presidential Committee meetings and further that he attends every meeting.

"The New York Times", July 11, 1965, page 9, columns 1-3, in an article datelined at Helsinki, July 10, 1965, stated that the World Congress for Peace began that day. It stated that the biggest contingent came from the United States and that the group's Chairman was Dr. Carlton Goodlett of San Francisco, Chairman of the Committee for International Peace Action.

On June 16, 1965, Clarke advised Professor J. D.
Bernal, F.R.S., Chairman, Preparatory Committee, World Congress
for Peace, National Independence and General Disarmament,
Luotsikatu, Helsinki, Finland, that he would accept his
invitation to attend the Congress. He asked that he be
informed of the nature of his participation in the Congress.

On June 23, 1965, Clarke again contacted Professor J. D. Bernal and advised him that he had picked up from Air India's New York Office, the prepaid ticket from New York to London, payment having been made by the Vienna Office. He said he would leave New York via Air India flight Number 106y, at 8:30 PM, on July 7, 1965, arriving in London the following morning. He asked that he be informed who to contact in London in order to arrange transportation to Helsinki.



Re: John Henrik Clarke Security Matter - C

1. APPENDIX

#### WORLD PEACE COUNCIL

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the World Peace Council:

#### "World Peace Council

"1. Cited as having been formed at the conclusion of the Second World Peace Congress in Warsaw and which was heralded by the Moscow radio as 'the expression of the determination of the peoples to take into their own hands the struggle for peace.'

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 378 on the Communist 'Peace' Offensive, April 25, 1951, originally released April 1, 1951, p. 38.)"



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



New York, New York July 21, 1965

Bureau 97-4575

Title

John Henrik Clarke

Character

Security Matter - C

Reference dated and captioned as above.

New York letterhead memorandum,

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CONFYDENTIAL 10

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NY 97-2204 b6 b7C ADMINISTRATIVE Continued RAY had stated that the PLM had been getting to JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways". added that this is surprising but could be true. This information is being reported administratively because of the uncertainty and nonspecific nature of this information. b6 b7C The pretext used by SA 11/9/65, to determine CLARKE's employment at HARYOU-ACT was that of a student interested in courses on African culture and heritage. The agents who observed CLARKE on 5/12/65, were b6 SAS b7C INFORMANTS Identity of Source File Number Where Located 100-144189-1B12 (5) NY T-1 Characterization of ERNEST KAISER √NY T-2 NY T-3b6 b7C b7D NY T-4

COVER PAGE

NY 97-2204 INFORMANTS Continued File Number Where Located Identity of Source b7D NY T-5 Characterization of HERBERT APTHEKER NY T-6 Characterization of CARLTON GOODLETT NY T-7Characterization of CARLTON GOODLETT NY T-8Characterization of GWENDOLYN HALL NY T-9 b7D Characterization of GWENDOLYN HALL · NY T-10 Characterization of GWENDOLYN HALL NY T-11Characterization of JAMES ALLEN NY T-12 Characterization of JAMES ALLEN NY T-13 NY T-14 b6 b7C b7D NY T-15 NY T-16

COVER PAGE

NY	97-2204 SEXIT
1. 2. 3.	<ul> <li>X Subject's name is included in the Security Index.</li> <li>The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.</li> <li>Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and</li> <li>Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.</li> </ul>
4. 5.	<pre>X A suitable photograph X is  is not available. Subject is employed in a key facility and  is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies</pre>
6.	This report is classified "Confidential" because (state reason) it contains information from the sources used, the unauthorized disclosure of which could be detrimental to the defense interests of the US and result in the loss of sources of great value.
7.	Subject previously interviewed (dates) 1/10/64 Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason) his position as Associate Manager of the magazine, "Freedomways", could be used by the subject in an attempt to cause embarrassment to the Bureau.
8.	This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending

- cancellation of the Security Index card.
- 9. This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) of the subject's position as Associate Manager of the CP sponsored magazine, "Freedomways".
- 10.  $\mathbf{x}$  Subject's SI card  $\mathbf{x}$  is not tabled Detcom. Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

COVER PAGE

- E*





WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. Bufile 97-4575

Chief United States Secret Service Department of the Treasury Washington, D. C. 20220

Washington, D. C. 20220	Re:	Tohn	Henrik	Charles
Dear Sir:	ne.	9 01111	Hemry	OLATRE
The information furnished he covered by the agreement between the F tection, and to fall within the category	FBI and	Secret S	ervice con	
<ol> <li>Has attempted or threatened body including foreign government officult.</li> <li>S., because of his official statement.</li> </ol>	icials res		-	•
2.   Has attempted or threatened to rethan legal means.	edress a	grievan	ce against	any public official by other
3.  Because of background is potent participant in communist moveme of other group or organization in	ent; or ha	as been		
4. U.S. citizens or residents who d Chinese Communist blocs and re		om the U	J. S. to cou	ntries in the Soviet or
5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racis criteria:	sts and f	ascists	who meet o	one or more of the following
<ul> <li>(a)  Evidence of emotional interpretation employment record) or irrection.</li> <li>(b)  Expressions of strong or</li> <li>(c)  Prior acts (including arrefindicating a propensity for and government.</li> </ul>	ational o violent a ests or c	or suicid anti-U. S onvictio	lal behavio S. sentimen ns) or cond	r: lt; luct or statements
6.   Individuals involved in illegal be	ombing o	r illegal	. bomb-mak	ing.
Photograph  has been furnished  may be available through	] enclose	ed 🗀 i	is not avai	lable
		^	Very tru	ly yours,

DECLASSIFIED BY 60267 NIS/RCELTAS ON 7/15/99

John Edgar Hoover

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) (2) U. S. Secret Service, New York

CONFICENTIAL (U)

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

#### CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM: FBJ AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DAVE: 01-03-2014

UN TO STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATES OF STATES

TICE (II)

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Copy to:

1 - Secret Service

Report of:

Date:

11/29/65

Field Office File #:

97-2204 V

Bureau File #: 97-4575 V

Office: New York, New York

Title:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERE IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE CHOSKI OTHERWISE

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - C

Synopsis:

CLARKE resides at 333 Iafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, NY. He is the Associate Editor of "Freedomways" Magazine and Director of the African Heritage Program at HARYOU-ACT. As Associate Editor of "Freedomways," his activities include contributing book reviews and a section on Recent Books to the issues of the publication as well as soliciting articles, publicizing the magazine, and attempting to increase its circulation. CLARKE has been in contact with CARLTON GOODLETT, and through GOODLETT's assistance attended the World Peace Congress in Helsinki. He recommended GWENDOLYN HALL for a teaching position in North Carolina. HALL spoke at the Friday Night Forum in Newark, New Jersey in May, 1965. On May 12, 1965

(U) he was observed meeting with

"Harlem, USA", has had frequent contact with Seven Seas
Publishers in the East German zone of Berlin. CLARKE was a
member of the interim committee of the Federation for
Independent Political Action and was a panel member at a
writers' conference on the occasion of the 5th Anniversary of
"Liberator" magazine. He compiled a book on W. E. B. DU BOIS
for "Presence Africaine" which is published in Paris. CLARKE

CLASSIFIED BY 6000 THIS BOE TON'S DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1, 6

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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NY 97-2204

#### SYNOPSIS Continued

claimed Organization of Afro-American Unity was "born" in his apartment and that he wrote the first draft of the organization's constitution.

- C -

#### DETAILS

#### A. RESIDENCE

On November 4, 1965, sales manager, A and S Management Corporation, 309 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, advised that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE resides in apartment 19N at 333 Lafayette Avenue with his wife, baby daughter, and a teenage daughter by a previous marriage.

#### B. EMPLOYMENT

On October 27, 1965, NY T-1

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as the

Associate Editor of the magazine, "Freedomways".

A characterization of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, publishers of the magazine, "Freedomways" is set forth in the appendix pages.

The Summer, 1965, issue of "Freedomways" lists JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as its Associate Editor, and he is so listed in the previous 1965 issues of the magazine.

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The Summer, 1965, and the Fall, 1964, issues of "Freedomways" contain a section on Recent Books by JOHN H. CLARKE is listed in the Spring, CLARKE and 1965, issue as having contributed a book review to that issue.

> NY T-2 advised on May 27, 1958, that on May 22, 1958, at a meeting of the DORIE MILIER Communist Party (CP) Club, Corona, lwas Queens, New York, elected chairman of that club.

NY T-2 advised on November 3, 1958, that, at a meeting of the DORTE MILLER CP Club on October 30, 1959. annour announced of the DORIE

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his resignation MILIER CP Club.

NY T-3 furnished information on the dates indicated showing that JOHN H. CLARKE.

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The source no longer upon which the above information is based, and this information is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. The person to be subpoenaed is

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On December 6, 1964, NY T-4 made available information reflecting that as of December 4, 1964, CLARKE was receiving a weekly salary of \$65.20 from Freedomways Associates, Incorporated.

On November 9, 1965, a Special Agent (SA) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), using a suitable pretext, determined that CLARKE is the Director of the African Heritage Program at HARYOU-ACT in New York City.

"The New York Times, October 28, 1964, page 46, Column 1, described HARYOU-ACT as a Harlem youth project formed by the merging of two organizations, Harlem Youth Opportunities, Unlimited, and Associated Community Teams. It said that the Harlem project is an attempt to improve the status of underprivileged youth.

On June 17, 1965, NY T-5 advised that on June 16, 1965, CLARKE spoke to about 25 Harlem school teachers at the Hotel Theresa, New York City. NY T-5 said that CLARKE is being paid to lecture to Harlem public school teachers by HARYOU-ACT and that these teachers are being lectured on African and Negro history. The source said further that CLARKE also teaches dropouts in the evening at the HARYOU-ACT.

Supra, also advised on November 4, 1965, that according to her records, CLARKE listed his employment as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine and as the Director of the Heritage program at HARYOU-ACT. CLARKE furnished this information on July 7, 1964, when he executed his application at which time he indicated he had been with "Freedomways" for three years and with HARYOU-ACT for one year.

b6 b7C

He indicated that he was receiving a salary of \$5,000.00 from HARYOU-ACT and \$3,750.00 from "Freedomways".

On December 6, 1964, February 14, 1965, April 4, 1965, and July 13, 1965, NY T-4 made available information reflecting that CLARKE, as Associate Editor of "Freedomways", was engaged in activities such as soliciting articles, arranging exchange relationships with foreign publications, publicizing the magazine, and attempting to increase its circulation in this country and abroad.

#### C. ACTIVITIES INDICATING CP AFFILIATION

NY T-4 furnished information on December 6, 1964, reflecting that in November, 1964, CLARKE, in commenting on the proposed "Freedomways" memorial issue on W. E. B. DU BOIS, stated that HERBERT APTHEKER had not been available but that he and the Managing Editor of the magazine would speak with APTHEKER when he was available. CLARKE noted that he already had spokento APTHEKER about making a selection of unpublished DU BOIS material.

"The New York Times", August 28, 1963, page 3, contains an article datelined at Accra, Ghana, stating that W. E. B. DU BOIS died on August 28, 1963. It states that he went to Ghana as the guest of President Kwame Nkrumah to become Director of the Encyclopedia Africana, which was sponsored by the Government of Ghana and became a citizen of that country. The article also states that "During his later years, he was active in many left-wing and Communist activities. In the fall of 1961, at the age of 93, he joined the CP."

NY T-6 advised in December, 1959, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee of the CP, United States of America (USA), at the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA, held in December, 1959.

On April 4, 1965, NY T-4 advised that on March 22, 1965, CLARKE had contacted the W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America, noting that the special issue of "Freedomways" on DU BOIS was then ready for distribution and that they were in the midst of promoting this issue. He said that they were giving the Du Bois Clubs a 25 per cent discount on all sales and that the sale and promotion of the special issue could be a fund-raising vehicle for the Du Bois Clubs in the United States. He noted that the chairman of the Upper West Side Du Bois Clubs in New York had taken an allotment of 300 copies for sale.

A characterization of the W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America is set forth in the appendix pages.

NY T-4 advised on December 6, 1964, that in November, 1964, CLARKE had been in contact with CARLTON B. GOODLETT of San Francisco, California, at which time CLARKE stated that he had inquired about additional material on the relationship of W. E. B. DU BOIS to the Peace Movement but found nothing of consequence. CLARKE said he would contact HERBERT APTHEKER to see if he might have some articles of this nature and that if there were any, they would be furnished to GOODLETT.

CLARKE also commented that he appreciated GOODLETT's suggestion that he, CLARKE, consider taking a trip abroad in 1965, in connection with the "World Peace Movement". CLARKE noted that he would be free to make such a trip during the summer after GOODLETT had given him some orientation on the

projection of the Peace Movement "as it relates to our people." CLARKE was agreeable to having GOODLETT recommend him as one of the people willing to attend at least one international meeting during the summer of 1965.

"The Sun Reporter", a weekly newspaper appealing to the Negro population in the San Francisco Eay Area, in its issue of July 28, 1962, set forth that CARLTON GOODLETT was the Chairman of the American delegation that attended the World Congress for General Disarmament and Peace, sponsored by the World Congress of Peace, held in Moscow, from July 9 to 14, 1962.

NY T-7 advised on January 24, 1947, that on January 15, 1947, Dr. CARLTON GOODLETT had been discussed at a meeting of the Dewey Davis Branch of the Professional Section of the San Francisco County CP held in San Francisco. The discussion ended with the conclusion that even though GOODLETT did not attend many meetings of this branch, he would continue on the roles of the CP because of the amount of work he did on the outside.

NY T-8 advised that CARLTON GOODLETT, on February 5, 1965, disclosed that he is the only American who attends the World Council of Peace Presidential Committee meetings and further that he attends every meeting.

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"The New York Times", July 11, 1965, page 9, columns 1-3, in an article datelined at Helsinki, July 10, 1965, stated that the World Congress for Peace began that day. It stated that the biggest contingent came from the United States and that the group's Chairman was Dr. CARLTON GOODLETT of San Francisco, Chairman of the Committee for International Peace Action.

On July 13, 1965, NY T-4 ascertained that in June of 1965, CLARKE had contacted CARLTON B. GOODLETT stating that he was pleased to learn that GOODLETT had obtained "an all-expense invitation" for him to attend the World Congress of Peace, National Independence and General Disarmament in Helsinki, Finland, July 10-17, 1965. CLARKE said he would be able to attend the Helsinki meeting but probably would not be able to make the tour of the Soviet Union as a guest of the Soviet Peace Committee because he had to be in New York City on July 21.

CLARKE also notified GOODLETT that if a meeting in Accra, Ghana, materialized for December, he would be happy to attend, and, in both cases, would appreciate knowing from GOODLETT what was expected of him.

The source further learned that in June, 1965, CLARKE advised the Chairman of the Preparatory Committee, World Congress for Peace, Helsinki, Finland, that he would accept his invitation to attend the Congress and asked that he be notified of the nature of his participation in the Congress.

"The Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, in its issue of July 18, 1965, page 2, column 1, contains an article, "1,400 from 92 Nations at World Peace Congress",

which was datelined at Helsinki, Finland. The article states that the largest group of participants came from the United States, which had some 85 official delegates, observers, and invited guests. The article noted that among the ten American Negroes in the group was J. H. CLARKE, "Editor of the magazine, 'Freedomways'". The article noted that the original call to the World Congress was issued by the "hosting World Council of Peace".

On February 14, 1965, NY T-4 ascertained that in January of 1965, CLARKE was requested to furnish the Elizabeth City State College, Elizabeth City, North Carolina, his evaluation of GWENDOLYN MIDLO HALL's personal and professional fitness for a teaching position at that college. NY T-4 said that in February, 1965, CLARKE informed the President of the college that he had known HALL for nearly ten years and had worked with her on a research project. CLARKE said he had no reservations about HALL's personal or professional fitness for the position and recommended her highly.

NY T-9 advised on September 29, 1958, that a meeting of the New York Provisional Committee to Reconstitute the CP, USA, (PCRCP) was held in the Central Plaza Annex, New York City, on September 28, 1959, at which meeting GWENDOLYN HALL and her husband were expelled from membership in the PCRCP.

A characterization of the PCRCP under the heading of the Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist CP is set forth in the appendix pages.

On January 13, 1964, NY T-10 and NY T-11 advised that HAYWOOD HALL and his wife, GWENDOLYN HALL, continued to reside in Mexico and that both were associating with the American Communist Group in Mexico (ACGM).

The sources described the ACGM as a loose association of a predominantly social nature of present and/or past members of the CP, USA, and their friends and associates who share a common sympathy for Communism and the Soviet Union.

NY T-4 advised on July 13, 1965, that CLARKE had been in contact with JAMES ALLEN of International Publishers, 381 Park Avenue South, New York City, and that CLARKE had told ALLEN that he had sent him a copy of the Mississippi issue of "Freedomways" and felt that since International Publishers had expanded into the paperback field, this issue of "Freedomways" might be good for ALLEN's "new world paperback" series. CLARKE asked ALLEN to consider this.

NY T-12 advised on June 27, 1962, that based on his knowledge of ALLEN's attendance at meetings of the CP, USA, National Committee and National Executive Committee as well as other activities, ALLEN is a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA.

NY T-13 advised that on April 11, 1962, ALLEN signed a legal document in which he described himself as President of International Publishers.

A characterization of International Publishers is set forth in the appendix pages.

On May 25, 1965, NY T-14 advised that, at a meeting of the Friday Night Forum, held in Newark, New Jersey, on the night of May 21, 1965, CLARKE, the Associate Editor of "Freedomways", spoke on the subject of "the impact of Africa on the modern world".

- 10 -

With independent political power, the black revolution can boldly move forward in advancing the interests of the masses."

The article listed the names of Interim committee members and included was the name of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, Editor of "Freedomways".

The "New York Journal American" in its issue of January 23, 1965, page 4, contained the column, "Inside Labor" by VICTOR RIESEL. This column included the following comments:

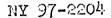
"A PHALANX of left-wing Negro activists, led by the Reverend MILTON GALAMISON and JESSE GRAY, appear to be on a collision course with Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING. Allied with the GALAMISON-GRAY bloc are the globe-trotting MALCOLM X and other militants who want to use New York as the base for an all-Negro political party.

"From inside their newly organized coalition, known as the Federation for Independent Political Action, comes word that they want to run Mr. GALAMISON for Mayor and Mr. GRAY for a seat on the City Council this Fall on a straight Negro ticket.

"They are realists, so they, of course, have little hope of polling heavily for their front runner, who now is specializing in school boycotts. But they believe they can roll up enough votes to put themselves in a bargaining position in the future—and possibly get GRAY on the City Council.

"They unveiled their organization during a littlenoticed, all-day parley Dec. 19 after issuing a call for 'Black independent political action.'

"'With independent political power, the black revolution can boldly move forward in advancing the interests of the masses,' their statement said. The conferences created an interim action committee of eight men including Mr. GALAMISON, GRAY, MALCOLM X and JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, editor of Freedomways, founded by Mrs. W.E.B. DU BOIS.



"This coalition's effort to launch an all-Negro political machine runs contrary to the broad philosophical concepts of Dr. KING and other national Negro and liberal leaders now directing the vast civil rights offensive."

A characterization of the "National Guardian" is set forth in the appendix pages.

NY T-24 advised on November 20, 1950, that JESSE GRAY had been the organizer for the Harlem Region of the CP but that this position was terminated during November, 1958.

NY T-25 advised on January 24, 1964, that according to WILLIAM PATTERSON, Chairman of the New York District CP, JESSE GRAY is no longer a CP member but is friendly to the CP.

MALCOLM X LITTLE was the head of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) who was murdered in New York City on February 21, 1965.

Characterizations of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the OAAU are set forth in the appendix pages.

NY T-4 advised on April 4, 1965, that in March, 1965, CLARKE claimed that the OAAU was "born" in the living room of his apartment and that he wrote the first draft of the organization's Constitution. CLARKE added that he was "very close to the man that was the man and the movement in question."

NY T-26 advised on June 30, 1965, that on June 19, 1965, on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of "Liberator" Magazine, a writer's conference on the theme, "Black Writers at the Crossroads" was held at St. Luke's Church, 141st Street and Convent Avenue, New York City.

The source stated that the conference was divided into two sections for each session and that one section discussed the question "Is Pro-Black Necessarily Anti-White".

NY T-26 stated that a member of this panel was JOHN HENRIK CLARKE.

The November, 1964, issue of "Liberator" is self-described as "the voice of the Afro-American protest movement in the United States and the liberation movement of Africa."

NY T-4 advised on February 14, 1965, that in January, 1965, CLARKE noted that he was compiling a book on the life and career of W. E. B. DU BOIS for "Presence Africaine", a publishing house in Paris, France, for distribution in Africa. CLARKE further noted that this book on DU BOIS would be translated into French and then distributed in the French-speaking areas of Africa.

NY T-27 advised on February 21, 1963, that the official organ of the International Society of African Culture is "Presence Africaine" published in Paris, France. NY T-27 also stated that in 1956, Negro intellectuals in Paris, attending the first conference of Negro artists and writers, organized the Society of African Culture, the purpose of which was to unite by bonds of interests and friendship all cultured Negroes.

NY T-4 further advised on February 14, 1965, that in February, 1965, CLARKE stated that he had recently completed editing a special issue of "Presence Africaine" which was devoted to aspects of the civil rights struggle. CLARKE said the book is entitled, "Black Revolution in the USA".

- 16 -

NY T-4 advised on May 23, 1965, that in May, 1965, CLARKE notified the Administrative Secretary of "Presence Africaine", Paris, France, that he was collecting additional material on the civil rights movement to supplement material he had submitted on the project, "Black Revolution in the USA".

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NY 97-2204

#### APPENDIX

#### FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.

The records of the New York Secretary of State, Albany, New York, show that the certificate of incorporation of Freedomways Associates, Inc., was filed on March 2, 1961.

The Winter, 1965, issue of "Freedomways" is self-described as "A Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement" published by Freedomways Associates, Inc., 799 Broadway, New York City. This issue lists JOHN HENRIK CLARE as Associate Editor, ESTHER JACKSON as Managing Editor, and JOHN L. DEVINE as Art Editor of the publication.

A confidential source made available information on July 1, 1964, reflecting that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE attended the first and founding meeting of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) which was held on December 19, 1963, and continued on January 10, 1964.

This source also made available information on August 14, 1964, reflecting that CLARKE is an "associate" of AIMS.

The Winter, 1963, issue of "Freedomways," page 44, states that ESTHER JACKSON became one of the leaders of the Southern Negro Youth Congress (SNYC) which existed from 1937 to 1949.

The SNYC has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

According to a confidential source, ESTHER JACKSON is the wife of JAMES JACKSON, whom the source identified on October 14, 1964, as being a member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA.)

On January 30, 1961, SYLVIA M. BRENNER DEVINE, 415 South 50th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, advised that her former husband, JACK DEVINE, mentioned on December 17, 1960, that he was still in the CP and that the CP is his whole life.

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#### APPENDIX

#### FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.

On July 24, 1963, a confidential source described JOHN DEVINE as a CP member.

On May 24, 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, CP, USA, held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the original plan called for the publication to be openly Marxist, but that it was later decided it would not be avowedly a Marxist publication. Editorials are in the hands of a mixed group of Marxists and non-Marxists. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticism of currents in the Negro Movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation.

On May 25, 1961, a source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CP, USA, by JAMES JACKSON.

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## FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM (NEWARK, NEW JERSEY)

A source advised in November, 1960, that a forum for "lefts and progressives" was mentioned as coming into existence at a meeting of New Jersey COMMUNIST PARTY (CP) leaders held in Newark, New Jersey, at the end of October, 1960. DAVID ROCKLIN, known to the source as a CP member, and other active CP members were mentioned as being associated with the effort to establish such a public sounding board.

A second source advised in December, 1960, that a letter had been prepared announcing the organization of the FRIDAY NIGHT FORUM (FNF) and advertising the first meeting as being scheduled for January 20, 1961. According to the letter, the FNF was to present a series of lectures, one each month, at the Continental Ballroom, in Newark, New Jersey. These lectures were to be on the "political events of these times" and were to feature qualified speakers on such topics as the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA), Cuba, Africa, Asia, civil rights, co-existence, and national and international events.

A third source advised on May 26, 1965, that during the past four years, the FNF has continued to present a series of speakers on such topics as international relations, abolition of the HCUA, Africa, Asia, and Vietnam, education and social reforms in the Soviet Union, disarmament, Soviet youth activities, and other topics of current interest. These speakers have been presented since the inception of the FNF at a series of meetings held on Friday evenings in Newark, New Jersey.

The third source advised on May 26, 1965, that FNF meetings are currently being held at the Continental Ballroom, Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, and that LEO RITZ is the 1964-1965 chairman.

During November, 1955, a self-admitted member of the CP from the mid-1930's until late 1944, advised that during the period from just prior to World War II, until late 1944, he knew LEO RITZ to be a member of the Clinton Hill Branch of the New Jersey CP.

APPENDIX



#### APPENDIX

#### INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning International Publishers:

#### "International Publishers

- "1. 'Also pertinent to the matters under inquiry are the Communist Party's publications and publishing houses. International Publishers, headed by ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, is established in the record to be a publishing house in this country for the Marxist-Leninist Classics, among other literature. TRACHTENBERG reports to the "Politburo" and the National Committee of the Party concerning its operation.'

  (Subversive Activities Control Board, Docket No. 107-53, Report and Order with respect to the Jefferson School of Social Science, June 30, 1955, Appendix A, p. 'iii.)
- "2. 'The (Communist) Party's publishing house,' headed by ALEXAN ER TRACHTENBERG. (Attorney General FRANCIS BIDDLE, Congressional Record, September 24, 1942, p. 7686.)
- "3. An 'official publishing house of the Communist Party in the United States,' and a medium through which 'extensive Soviet propaganda is subsidized in the United States.'
  (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Reports, House Report 1476, January 3, 1940, p. 8, and House Report 2277, June 25, 1942, p. 18; also cited in House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee March 29, 1944, p. 76.)

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#### APPENDIX

### INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS (CONT'D)

"4. 'Official American Communist Party publishing house.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1920 on the Communist Party of the United States as an Advocate of Overthrow of Government by Force and Violence, May 11, 1948, p. 80.)"

SECTION APPENDIX

NY 97-2204

#### MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964 edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, MAICOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be locaed in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964 edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), 1 Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.



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#### **APPENDIX**

#### MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

This confidential source advised on May 17, 1965, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which was also headed by MALCOLM X.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965 while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

#### APPENDIX

1.

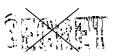
## NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7

On May 3, 1965, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque number 7, and is also referred to as Temple number 7. It is part of the national organization of the NOI headed by Elijah Muhammad with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois.

There are three branches of Mosque number 7; One at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens (known as Mosque number 7B), another at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn (known as Mosque number 70), and one at 878 Prospect Avenue, Bronx (known as Mosque number 7D).

There is no branch in Manhattan, although plans are being made to obtain a located which will be the principal meeting place of the Mosque and will be known as Mosque number 7.

The date Mosque number 7 originated in New York City is unknown but in this connection it should be noted that in 1953, a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.



#### APPENDIX

#### "NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

#### "National Guardian

"1. 'established by the American Labor
Party in 1947 as a "progressive"
weekly * * *. Although it denies
having any affiliation with the
Communist Party, it has manifested
itself from the beginning as a virtual
official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities,
Report, Trial by Treason: The National
Committee to Secure Justice for the
ROSENBERGS and MORTON SOBELL, August 25,
1956, p. 12.)"

NY 97-2204 1.

APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the CAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics, and social reform.

On May 17, 1965, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

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## APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On April 13, 1965, a second confidential source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name will be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

1.

# PROVISIONAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE FOR A MARXIST-LENINIST COMMUNIST PARTY (POC)

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party:

"Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party (POC)

"1. Found to be 'a new Communist splinter group.' The Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party 'also known as the POC * * * was formed in August 1958 by a number of Communist Party members who were dissatisfied with the trends and policies of the party and, while within it, had referred to themselves as the Marxist-Leninist Caucus.'

'The leaders and participants in the Provisional Organizing Committee group had been expelled from the Communist Party on the technical charge of "disruptive, factional, anti-party activities."

'The POC group is composed largely of extreme left-wing elements from the Communist Party. Throughout the party's history, there have been contending right-and left-wing factions which, in periods of turmoil such as the party has gone through in the recent past, have fought for control. The POC elements lost out in this recent struggle within the U. S. party * * *.

(U)

2.



PROVISIONAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE FOR A MARXIST-LENINIST COMMUNIST PARTY (CONT'D)

'The one fact that is completely clear today is that the POC group is made up of hard-core, dedicated, and extremist Communists who, despite their present differences with the Communist Party leadership, are intent upon doing all within their power to speed the achievement of the goals of international communism.'

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1959, House Report 1251, February 8, 1960, pp. 69 and 70.)"

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NY 97-2204

#### APPENDIX

#### W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA

A source has advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party (CP), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates to this meeting were cautioned against the germ of anti-Soviet and anti-CP ideologies. These delegates were also told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second conference of over 20 persons met in Chicago on December 28-29, 1963, for the purpose of initiating a "call" to the new youth organization and planning for a founding convention to be held in June, 1964.

second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention. aims of this organization, as set forth in the preamble to the constitution, are: "It is our belief that this nation can best solve its problems in an atmosphere of peaceful coexistence, complete disarmament and true freedom for all peoples of the world, and that these solutions will be reached mainly through the united efforts of all democratic elements in our country, composed essentially of the working people allied in the unity of Negroes and other minorities with whites. We further fully recognize that the greatest threat to American democracy comes from the racist and right wing forces in coalition with the most reactionary sections of the economic power structure, using the tool of anti-communism to divide and destroy the unified struggle of the working people. As young people in the forces struggling for democracy, we shall actively strive to defeat these reactionary and heo-fascist elements and to achieve complete freedom and demodracy for all Americans, thus enabling each individual to freely choose and build the society he would wish to live in. Through these struggles we feel the American people will realize the viability of the socialist alternatives."

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#### APPENDIX

## W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA

The constitution further states that this new organization shall be a membership organization open to individuals, or if five or more people so desire a chapter can be formed which shall in turn be guided by the policies and principles of the parent organization.

The second source has also advised that at the founding convention it was voted that the organization should be temporarily headquartered in San Francisco, California, although no specific physical location was decided upon. This same source advised on June 29, 1964, that the temporary headquarters of this organization is 1007 McAllister Street, San Francisco, which is the headquarters of the W.E.B. DuBois Club of San Francisco.

Both sources have advised that at the founding convention two officers were elected:

PHILIP CHAPIN DAVIS - President CARL ELLENGER BLOICE - Publications Chairman

A third source has advised that on October 26, 1962, PHILIP DAVIS attended a CP recruiting class held at/1579 Scenic Avenue, Berkeley, California.

A fourth source has advised that CARL BLOICE, reporter for the "People's World" newspaper, was, on April 3, 1964, elected to the newly organized San Francisco County Committee of the CP.

The "People's World" is a west coast communist newspaper published weekly in San Francisco, California.





## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. Bufile 97-4575
NY file 97-2204

NOV 2 y 1000

NESME !

Title

John Henrik Clarke

Character Security Matter - C

Reference is made to report of Special Agent dated and captioned as above at

New York.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

All sources have furnished reliable information in the past with the exception of NY T-23,

b7D

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-124333)

FROM: SAC, WPO (105-55342) (P)

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b71

contact PAL MOCSANYI, home phone BU 8-3770, New York at noon, 1/19/66, main lobby, Americana Hotel, New York.

Source ascertained subject was in contact with JOHN CLARK (JOHN HENRICK CLARKE), Freedomways, phone CR 7-3986 or 286-5300, New York, whom subject would meet 7:15 p.m., 1/19/66, City Center, 55th Street, New York, to attend performance

CLARK was in contact with Mr. KAISER (ph), New York, who could not rearrange his schedule at library, where he works, in time to attend performance.

Source learned subject would meet with Mr. WEINHOLD, New York Masemble performance and reception afterwards at Hampshire House Hotel, Central Park, 6th and 7th Avenues, New York City.

3 - New York (105-63250) (RM)

1 - WFO

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57 FEB 2 1966

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WFO [105-55342]

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(U)

Source determined subject invited JIM MATLES (ph), phone PL 3-1960, New York, and VIKTOR BARTHA (ph), New York, to Ensemble, however it was unknown whether they would attend.

NY is requested to identify persons and telephone numbers, not previously identified, and handle per Section 105-K. Manual of Instructions. New York is also requested to report any info obtained through established sources, re subject's activities.

In event info from ______is disseminated, it should be set forth in suitable form and marked "Confidential",

b7D

b7E

NY cognizant.





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bufile 97-4575 NYfile 97-2204

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TATES DEPARTMENT OF



L BUREAU OF INVESTIG

New York, New York April 5, 1966

SUBJECT:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

REFERENCE:

New York report dated 11/29/65.

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence:

Employment:

Associate Editor, "Freedomways" Magazine 799 Broadway, New York, New York, Director,

African Heritage Program, Haryou-Act

181 West 135th Street, New York, New York

Copy to Solve of the for the 4-14-6.6

FD-122 DETACHED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED AND ROCK INS DATE 1 15 11 BY 00267 NERCE INS

97-4575 NOT RECORD 3

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

JOC/cmc

# - Memorandum

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United States

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MEMORATIVE

To: Director

January 21 1966 Date:

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Subject: INDEX REVIEW

Re: JOHN HENRIK

FBI No. 97-9575

(a), 100-378630

Reports of investigation have been reviewed as requested

by you on_

It has been determined that indexing of this case for future review should be

Continued

discontinued

Commentary:

JAN 24 1966

cc: FBI ISD-SO

Dept. 146-012-18-2

Excluded from

downgrading an declassification



BON 100-1406

This is a complaining letter in that subject was under the impression that he would be editing a book of short stories by contemporary Negro-American writers which apparently was to be published by Seven Seas. This seems to have come into conflict with some proposals made by JOHN HENRIK CLARKE. Subject is now inquiring whether or not Seven Seas still desires subject to edit such an anthology.

Refer to Bonnlet to Bureau, 5-5-66, captioned "Freedomways Associates, Inc., IS - C," BuFile 100-434819, which is a letter from CLARKE concerning subject.



ZD 000 (D 0.17 NE)	CONFIDENTIAL	DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM:
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and therefore,	there is no assurance
that the persons listed actuall	y attended. Included in
this list is the name of JOHN H	
described as the Editor of "Fre	edomways" 799 Broadway,
New York, New York.	
The above information	is not being incorporated
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reliability of the informant an	
about CLARKE's attendance at th	ie World Peace Congress in $igwedge$
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on September 23, 1966, to ascer	by SAL by
still the Director of the Afric	an Heritage Program at
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information about the Program.	
The Agents who observe building at 799 Broadway, New Y	ved CLARKE entering the
were SAs	
WOLO DIE	b6 b7(
SA	observed CLARKE entering
799 Broadway, New York City on	December 3, 1965.
<u>INFORMANTS</u> :	
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NY T-2	b6 b7C
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NY 97-2204

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NY T-10	Characterization of C.L.R. JAMES		
	Characterization of C.H.W. awies		

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(11)

NY 97-2204

-	
1.	Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
2.	Index card are current
3•	Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and
,	Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
4.	X A suitable photograph X is is not available.
5•	Subject is employed in a key facility and is
	charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies
_	are
6.	This report is classified <u>Confidential</u> because
	(state reason)
	it contains information from the sources used,
	the unauthorized disclosure of which could be
	detrimental to the defense interests of the
	U.S. and result in the loss of sources of great
	value.
	,
~	a
(•	X Subject previously interviewed (dates) 1/10/64
	Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)
	as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine,
	which is directed at the Negro Freedom Movement
	he is in a position to attempt to embarrass
	the Bureau.
	1
8.	This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria
•	and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending
	cancellation of the Security Index card.
٥.	[X] This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the
•	Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within
	such criteria because (state reason)
	of the subject's position as the Associate
	Editor of the magazine "Freedomways", a CP,
	U.S.A. financed publication.
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LO.	Subject's SI card is K is not tabbed Detcom.
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- E* - (COVER PAGE)



## UNIDED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Department of the Treasury Washington, D. C. 20220  Dear Sir:  The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.  1. Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.  2. Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.  3. Secause of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.  4. U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.  5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:  (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior:  (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;  (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.  6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.  Photograph Thas been furnished enclosed is not available  may be available through  Very truly yours,  John Edgar Hoover  Director  1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) 1  U. S. Secret Service, NYC	In Re File I [ ]	tates Secret Service
The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.  1.		
covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.  1.	Γ	
including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.  2.		by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential pro-
than legal means.  3. Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.  4. U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.  5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:  (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior:  (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;  (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.  6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.  Photograph Abas been furnished enclosed is not available may be available through  Very truly yours,  John Edgar Hoover Director  1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) 1	1	cluding foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the
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Chinese Communist blocs and return.  5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:  (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior:  (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;  (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.  6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.  Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available may be available through  Very truly yours,  John Edgar Hoover  Director  1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) 1	<b>/</b> 3	articipant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member
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•FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

## CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DATE 01-03-2014

FBI INFORMATION ONLY

Office: New York. New York

Bureau File #: 97-4575

## UNINED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION





Copy to:

1-Secret Service, NYC (RM)

Report of: Date:

NOV 2 3 1966

Field Office File #:

97-2204 ~

- -

Title:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE ~

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - C

Synopsis:

CLARKE continues to reside at 333 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, NY. He is the Associate Editor of "Freedomways" Magazine and Director of the African Heritage Program at HARYOU-ACT. As Associate Editor, he has been active soliciting articles, promoting the magazine, and attempting to increase its circulation. His name appeared among the list of sponsors of a testimonial dinner honoring HERBERT APTHEKER on his 50th birthday. He recommended New Era Books as a distributor in the U.S. for a Ghanian publication. He is on the committee formed to establish a sustaining fundation for C.L.R. JAMES. CLARKE has been in contact with

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With Seven Seas Publishers in Berlin, Germany, concerning the sale of his book "Harlem U.S.A." In December, 1965, he was listed as one of the speakers at a meeting on Rhodesian independence of which meeting the W.E.B. Du Bois Club was one of the sponsors. CLARKE spoke at memorial meetings for the late MALCOIM X.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

#### DETAILS:

#### A. RESIDENCE

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On September 21, 1966,

A and S Management Corporation, 309 Lafayette

Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, advised that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE and his family are residing in apartment 19N at 333 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

#### B. EMPLOYMENT

On October 26, 1966, NY T-1 furnished a copy of the Statement of Ownership, Management and Circulation of the magazine "Freedomways" which was filed on October 1, 1966. This Statement lists JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as the Associate Editor of the magazine "Freedomways".

A characterization of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, publishers of the magazine "Freedomways" is set forth in the appendix pages.

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE is listed as the Associate Editor of "Freedomways" in the Fall, 1965, Winter, 1960, Spring, 1966 and Summer, 1966 issues of the magazine. CLARKE contributed an article to the Fall, 1965 issue of the magazine entitled "Lerone Bennett: Social Historian". He also contributed book reviews to the Winter and Spring, 1966 issues.

On November 18, 1965, February 4, 1966, and May 22, 1966, NY T-2 furnished information reflecting that CLARKE was receiving a weekly salary of \$65.20 from Freedomways Associates, Incorporated.

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NY 97-2204

NY T-3 furnished information on the dates	
indicated showing that	
to John H. Clarke	<b>¬</b> b7D
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The source no longer	
upon which the above information is based, and this infor	mation
is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings	
following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. The	b6
person to be subpoenaed is	b7C
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On December 3, 1965, and March 2, 1966, Special	•

On December 3, 1965, and March 2, 1966, Special Agents (SAs) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed CLARKEentering the building at 799 Broadway, New York City, wherein are located the offices of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated.

On September 23, 1966, a SA of the FBI, using a suitable pretext, determined that CLARKE is the director of the African Heritage Program at HARYOU-ACT, 181 West 135th Street, New York City.

"The New York Times," October 28, 1964, page 46, Column 1, described HARYOU-ACT as a Harlem youth project formed by the merging of two organizations, Harlem Youth Opportunities, Unlimited, and Associated Community Teams. It said that the Harlem project is an attempt to improve the status of underprivileged youth.

On November 18, 1965, February 4, 1966, and May 22, 1966, NY T-2 made available information reflecting that CLARKE, as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, had been active on behalf of the magazine soliciting articles and book reviews, promoting the magazine, attempting to increase its circulation in the United States and Overseas, establishing an exchange relationship with "The New African" in London, angland, and handling problems arising out of the non-receipt of magazine orders.

NY T-4 advised on May 26, 1966, that on May 22, 1966, an affair was held on the occasion of the Sixth Anniversary of "Freedomways" at The Village Gate, New York City, and that JOHN CLARKE was among those who attended this affair.

On January 25, 1966, NY T-5 furnished a copy of a letter announcing a benefit to be held for "Freedomways" at Town Hall, New York City, on February 19, 1966. The letter called for support of the benefit because of the constant need for funds by the magazine. CLARKE, as Associate Editor, was one of the signers of the letter.

## C. ACTIVITIES INDICATING COMMUNIST PARTY (CP) AFFILIATION

On March 30, 1966, NY T-6 furnished a copy of an invitation to a testimonial dinner honoring HERBERT APTHEKER on the occasion of his 50th Birthday, the publication of his 20th book, and the second anniversary of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS).

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This dinner was held on the evening of April 28, 1966, at the New York Hilton Hotel, New York City. The invitation set forth a list of sponsors and the name of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE was included in this list.

#### HERBERT APTHEKER

NY T-7 advised on June 26, 1966, that at the 18th National Convention of the CP, United States of America (USA), in New York City, in June, 1966, HERBERT APTHETER was elected to the Party's National Committee.

A characterization of AIMS is included in the appendix pages.

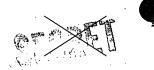
On November 18, 1965, NY T-8 made available information reflecting that in August, 1965, the circulation manager of "The African Review" Accra, Ghana, contacted New Era Books advising this organization that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE of "Freedomways" had given New Era Books as a possible distributor for "The African Review" in the United States.

A characterization of New Era Books is set forth in the appendix pages.

On January 25, 1966, NY T-9 furnished information which delt in part with the C.L.R. JAMES 65th Birthday Fund Committee. It stated that the purpose of the committee was to establish a sustaining fund to help support C.L.R. JAMES for a few years. It said that a substantial committee had been formed and that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE was a member of the committee.

## C.L.R. JAMES

NY T-10 advised on August 1, 1958, that JAMES was one of the co-founders of the Johnson Forest Group (JFG), who, in 1953, was deported from the United States as an undesirable alien.



A characterization of W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America is set forth in the appendix pages.

#### D. MISCELLANEOUS

NY T-15 advised on February 18, 1966, that an Authors Meet the Public discussion took place in the Countee Cullen Library, 104 West 136th Street, New York City, and that the meeting was a memorial for the late MALCOLM X. NY T-15 advised that the two authors who attended were ALEX HALEY, author of the Autobiography of MALCOLM X, and JOHN CLARKE of "Freedomways". NY T-15 stated both related personal anecdotes they had experienced concerning MALCOLM X and that CLARKE was one of the men in the select "brain trust", which planned the creation of the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU).

MALCOLM X LITTLE was the head of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) who was murdered in New York City on February 21, 1965.

Characterizations of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the OAAU are set forth in the appendix pages.

NY T-16 advised on February 23, 1966, that on February 21, 1966, a memorial meeting was held in a public school located on 135th Street between Seventh Avenue and Lenox Avenue, New York City, which meeting was sponsored by the MALCOLM X Memorial Committee. One of the speakers who eulogized MALCOLM X was JOHN CLARKE.

NY T-15 on February 23, 1966, NY T-17 on March 1, 1966, and NY T-18 on March 9, 1966, furnished similar information concerning the memorial meeting of February 21, 1966.

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APPENDIX

1.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR MARXIST STUDIES, Also Known As AIMS

A source advised on April 9, 1963, that on April 7, 1963, at a meeting of the District Committee of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA) of New England, held in Boston, Massachusetts, HERBERT APTHEKER stated he was developing an organization called American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS), which would eventually legalize the CP. He stated AIMS would publish literature on History, Science, Physics, Archeology and other subjects which would be put out quarterly with various supplements.

A second source advised on June 30, 1966, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee, CP, USA, at the 18th National Convention of the CP, USA, held June 22-26, 1966, in New York City.

A third source advised on June 7, 1963, that on June 3, 1963, HERBERT APTHEKER spoke at the CP, USA, New York District Board meeting concerning AIMS. APTHEKER stated that AIMS would unite and strengthen the CP although the CP would not be connected with it. He stated AIMS was being formed to operate within the scope of the McCarran and Smith Acts and would legally bring Marxist material and opinions to the attention of American scholars and the general public.

A fourth source reported on August 29, 1966, that AIMS was located on the fifth floor west of 20 East 30th Street, New York, New York, and issues a "Newsletter" every other month. This source made available the information that AIMS issues publications and holds symposiums concerning Marxism.



#### APPENDIX

l.

#### FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC.

The records of the New York State Secretary of State, Albany, New York, show that the Certificate of Incorporation of Freedomways Associates, Inc., was filed on March 2, 1961.

On May 24, 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, Communist Party, U.S.A. (CPUSA), held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticism of currents in the Negro Movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation.

On May 25, 1961, a second source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CPUSA by JAMES JACKSON.

The Second Quarter, 1966, issue of "Freedomways," self-described as "A Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement" published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, 799 Broadway, New York City, lists the following as its editorial staff:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, Associate Editor ESTHER JACKSON, Managing Editor J. H. O'DELL, Associate Managing Editor JOHN L. DEVINE, Art Editor

A third source made available information on July 1, 1964, indicating that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE attended the first and founding meeting of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) which was held on December 19, 1963, and continued on January 10, 1964.

This source also made available information on August 14, 1964, indicating that CLARKE is an "Associate" of AIMS.

On March 16, 1966, a fourth source advised that JAMES JACKSON, accompanied by his wife, ESTHER JACKSON, was scheduled to depart on March 25, 1966, from the United States en route to Moscow to attend the 23rd Congress of the CP of the Soviet Union. This source described JAMES JACKSON

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2.

## FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC. (CONT'D)

as a member of the National Committee, CPUSA.

This source advised in July, 1962, that as of that period, was considered by the CPUSA, as being a member of its National Committee.

On January 30, 1961, SYLVIA M. BRENNER DEVINE, 415 South 50th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, advised that her former husband, JACK DEVINE, mentioned on December 17, 1960, that he was still in the CP and that the CP is his whole life.

On July 24, 1963, a fifth source described JOHN DEVINE as a CP member.



#### APPENDIX

1.

## MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes, only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals". The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News", a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), I Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.



#### APPENDIX

2.

## MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

This confidential source advised on May 17, 1965, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated (OAAU) which was also headed by MALCOLM X.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

This same confidential source advised on September 8, 1965, that the activities of the MMI following the death of MALCOLM X were limited to the teaching of classes in the Islamic religion and a class in judo for self-protection. These classes were held regularly until the latter part of July, 1965, when they were discontinued. Since then, the MMI has held no meetings and there has been absolutely no activity by the MMI which appears to be completely "dead".

SAPPENDIX

1.

NEW ERA BOOKS
(Formerly World Books)

According to the records of the Foreign Agents Registration Section, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., PHILIP FRANKFELD, doing business as World Books, 747 Broadway, New York 3, New York, filed a registration statement dated September 26, 1961, pursuant to Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended. He listed his foreign principals as follows:

Mezhdunorodnaya Kniga Moscow, USSR

Guozi Shudian Peking, China

FRANKFELD stated the nature and purpose of his representation of each Foreign Principal was "to import books, periodicals, and publications sold by foreign principals, to advertise and promote sales of same; to obtain subscriptions for such periodicals."

Records of the Foreign Agents Registration Section, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., contain a letter from FRANKFELD, dated February 17, 1964, which contains the following statement:

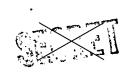
"P.S. Starting February 1, 1964, the name of my firm was officially changed legally to:
New Era Books. I am still sole owner, the address is the same, etc." A stamp at the bottom reads, "New Era Books (Formerly World Books), 80 East 11th Street, Rm. 212, New York, New York, 10003."

A source advised on April 20, 1965, that New Era Books (formerly World Books) (NEB) continues to operate as a Communist Party (CP) USA literature outlet and that FRANKFELD is a current member of the CP, USA.

The source advised on May 13, 1966, that NEB is located in Room 212, 80 East 11th Street, New York, New York.



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## APPENDIX

1.

# ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

An June 28, 1964, MALCOIM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with nimself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Auduban Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic AAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condensed the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics, and social reform.

MALCAIM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an AAAU rally at the Auduban Ballraam, New York City.

On rebruary 28, 1966, a confidential source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is ELLA CALLINS, a half-sister of the late MALCOLM X, who resides in Boston, Massachusetts.

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APPENDIX

2.

# ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On April 12, 1966, the same confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a second confidential source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name will be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

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APPENDIX (U)

<u>l</u>.

## W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA (DCA)

A source has advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party (CP), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates were told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America (DCA) was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates frem throughout the United States attended this convention. The aims of this organization, as set forth in the preamble to the constitution, are: "It is our belief that this nation can best solve its problems in an atmosphere of peaceful coexistence, complete disarmament and true freedom for all peoples of the world, and that these solutions will be reached mainly through the united efforts of all democratic elements in our country, composed essentially of the working people allied in the unity of Negroes and other minorities with whites. We further fully recognize that the greatest threat to American democracy comes from the racist and right wing forces in coalition with the most reactionary sections of the economic power structure, using the tool of anti-Communism to divide and destroy the unified struggle of the working people."

Over the Labor Day weekend, 1965, the DCA held a conference in Chicago, Illinois, and a new slate of officers was elected to the National Executive Committee (NEC) of the DCA. Since Labor Day, 1965, identities of those serving on the NEC has varied; however, according to a third source as of May, 1966, thirteen of the fifteen members of the NEC were members of the CP in the San Francisco Bay area.

As of July, 1966, the headquarters of the DCA was located at 180 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Bufile 97-4575 NYfile 97-2204

> Title John Henrik Clarke

Character	pecurity Macher - C	
Reference	is made to the report of	b6 b70
Special Agent	dated and captioned as	
above at New York.		

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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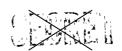
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1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Subject's name is included in the Security Index.  The data appearing on the Security Index card are current Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.  The data appearing on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.  Subject is employed in a key facility and is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are
6.	This report is classified <u>Confidential</u> because (state reason) it contains information from the sources used, the unauthorized disclosure of which could be detrimental to the defense interests of the U.S. and result in the loss of sources of great value.
7•	Subject previously interviewed (dates) 1/10/64  Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason) as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, which is directed at the Negro Freedom Movement he is in a position to attempt to embarrass the Bureau.
8.	This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
9•	This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) of the subject's position as the Associate Editor of the magazine "Freedomways", a CP, U.S.A. financed publication.
10.	Subject's SI card is is not tabbed Detcom. Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

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NY 97-2204 INFORMANTS: Identity of Source File Number Where Located NY T-l NY T-2 b7D b7E NY T-3 97-2204-1A3 NY T-4 NY T-5 NY T-6 b7D

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1. X Subject's name is included in the Security Index. 2. X The data appearing on the Security Index card are current. 3. Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-12 has been submitted to the Bureau. 4. X A suitable photograph X is is not available.  Date photograph was taken  5. Subject is employed in a key facility and charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are	
6. X This report is classified "Confidential" because (state reason)	е
it contains information from the sources used, the unauthorized disclosure of which could be detrimental to the defense interests of the US and result in the loss of sources of great value.	
7. Subject previously interviewed (dates) 1/10/64.  Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)  as Associate Editor of "Freedomways" magazine, he is in a position to attempt to embarrass the Bureau.	
<ul> <li>8.  This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.</li> <li>9.  This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason)</li> </ul>	
of CLARKE's position as the Associate Editor of "Freedomways", a CP, USA financed publication.	
10. Subject's SI card is is not tabbed Detcom. Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)	s)
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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to Bureau 97-4757 File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535 December 11, 1967

United States Secret Service	CONF	······					
Department of the Treasury Washington, D. C. 20220	Re:	Jonn	Henrik	Clarke			
Dear Sir:							
covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret	The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.						
<ol> <li>Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to an including foreign government officials residing U. S., because of his official status.</li> </ol>							
2.  Has attempted or threatened to redress a griev than legal means.	ance ag	ainst an	y public of	ficial by other			
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### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL (U)

Copy to:

1-SECRET SERVICE, NYC (RM)

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Report of:

Date:

DEC 11 367

Field Office File #:

97-2204

Bureau File #:

Office:

97-4575

New York, New York

Title:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

Character:

SECURITY MATTER-C

Synopsis:

CLARKE resides at 223 West 137th Street, NYC, and is employed as the Associate Editor of "Freedomways" Magazine. He also is the Director of the African Heritage Program at HARYOU-ACT. He was one of the speakers at a memorial for the late MALCOLM X, which was held in February, 1967. He also spoke at a memorial meeting to honor MIKE COLD, a CP member and columnist for "The Worker", which was held in May, 1967. In August, 1967, he was observed meeting with

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DETAILS:

CONFIDENTIAL (U

Excluded from automatic

downgrading and declassifidation

CLASSIFIED BY COSCT NIS BEET DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1 5 99

#### A. Residence

Brooklyn, New York, advised on April 3, 1967, that his records reflect a removal for JOHN CLARKE from 333 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, to 223 West 137th Street, New York, New York, on January 16, 1967.

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#### On November 27, 1967.

New York City, advised that CLARKE is residing at 223 West 137th Street, New York City.

The current Manhattan New York Telephone Directory, lists JOHN H. CLARKE as residing at 223 West 137th Stræt.

#### B. Employment

The Fall, 1966, Winter, 1967, Spring, 1967 and Summer, 1967 issues of "Freedomways" magazine, all list JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as its associate editor. CLARKE contributed a book review to the Fall, 1966 issue, an introduction to the section of the Winter, 1967 issue devoted to The Ghetto, an article "African History Reconsidered", to the Spring, 1967 issue, and an article "The Early Years of ADAM POWELL" to the Summer, 1967 issue. The magazine is self-described as "A Quarterly Review of the Negro Freedom Movement", published by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, at 799 Broadway, New York City. Each year's issues begin with the Winter issue and end with the Fall issue.

A characterization of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, publisher of the magazine "Freedomways" is set forth in the appendix pages.



NY T-1 advised on June 27, 1967, that a lease was signed by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, on April 26, 1967, with the management of the building at 799 Broadway, New York City, for rental of Rooms 541-544, for a two year period beginning May 1, 1967. NY T-1 advised that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE signed the lease as the witness for the tenant.

NY T-2 furnished information to CLARKE,	
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The Source no longer upon which the above information is based and this information is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. The person to be subpoenaed is	ь6 ь7с ь7D

On April 24, 1967, NY T-3 furnished a copy of a form letter from Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, dated April 21, 1967, announcing that the subscriptions to the magazine "Freedomway" were up for renewal.

Enclosed with this announcement was a notice on the availability of books which could be purchased from "Freedomways". Among these was a book "American Short Stories", edited by JOHN HENRIK CLARKE. This notice described CLARKE as "Editor of Freedomways' magazine and Director of the Heritage Teaching Program for HARYOU-ACT".

On November 28, 1967, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), using a suitable pretext determined that CLARKE is the Director of the African Heritage Program at HARYOU-ACT, 181 West 135th Street, New York City.

On November 1, 1967, CLARKE was observed by a Special Agent of the FBI leaving the building at 799 Broadway, New York City. He was later observed entering the building at 181 West 135th Street, New York City.

"The Worker", November 29, 1966, Page 5, Column 2, contained an announcement that "Freedomways" magazine was sponsoring its fourth annual theater benefit at the Longacre Theater at 8 PM on December 1, 1966, of the play "My Sweet Charlie".

On the night of December 1, 1966, among the persons observed entering the Longacre Theater between the hours of 7:40 PM and 8:40 PM was JOHN HENRIK CLARKE.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

#### C. Other Activities

NY T-4 advised on March 10, 1967, that a memorial program to honor MALCOLM X was held on Sunday, February 19, 1967, at the Faith Temple, 1763 Amsterdam Avenue, New York, New York. NY T-4 stated that approximately 500 people attended and that among those who spoke was JOHN H. CLARKE, a teacher who spoke on MALCOLM X and the Negro movement.



NY T-5 advised on February 21, 1967, that on the afternoon of February 19, 1967, a memorial for MALCOLM X was held at the Faith Temple in New York City. NY T-5 stated that the speakers included a person believed to be JOHN CLARKE.

On April 5, 1967, NY T-5 identified a photograph of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE as the person who spoke at the MALCOLM X memorial on February 19, 1967.

MALCOLM X LITTLE was the head of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, and the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) who was murdered in New York City on February 21, 1967.

Characterizations of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated and the OAAU are set forth in the appendix pages.

NY T-6 advised on June 22, 1967, that a memorial meeting to honor the memory of MIKE GOLD was held on the evening of June 16, 1967, in Town Hall, New York City and was sponsored by American Dialog. NY T-6 stated that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE was one of the speakers, all of whom payed tribute to GOLD.

A characterization of American Dialog appears in the appendix attached hereto.

"The Worker", June 25, 1967, Page 10, Columns 1 and 2, contained an article "MIKE GOLD Memorial Honors Devotion of Working Class". The article noted that eight hundred persons gathered in Town Hall the previous Friday night to honor the memory of MIKE GOLD. The article set forth the names of the speakers and a comment from each of them. It listed JOHN HENRIK CLARKE of "Freedomways" as one of the speakers and noted that CLARKE said that GOLD "defined the role of the writer to awaken the genius of the people so that they can free themselves".

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#### MIKE GOLD

"The Worker", May 21, 1967, Page 3, Columns 3, 4 and 5, contained an article on the death of MIKE GOLD on May 15, 1967, in San Francisco, California. It described him as having been an author and columnist for "The Worker" for 32 years. It noted that he joined the Communist Party (CP) "shortly after it was founded and to which he adhered till the day he died".

NY T-7 advised on August 3, 1967, that

Washington, D. C., planned to meet with JOHN HENRIK CLARKE of "Freedomways" magazine in New York City on August 9, 1967.

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On August 9, 1967, JOHN CLARKE was observed by a Special Agent of the FBI meeting with in the lobby of the Hotel Americana, Seventh Avenue and 52nd Street, New York City. They were subsequently observed seated at a table in the La Ronde Restaurant of this hotel.



1.

"AMERICAN DIALOG," also known as "American Dialogue", "Dialogue"

A confidential source advised during June, 1964, that JOSEPH FELSHIN advised former subscribers to the magazine, "Mainstream", that "Mainstream" had ceased publication with its August, 1963, issue and had been replaced by a new bi-monthly publication entitled, "American Dialogue", with JOSEPH NORTH as editor.

The November-December, 1966, issue of "American Dialog", Volume 3, Number 3, contains the statement in its masthead, "American Dialog is published bi-monthly by Dialog Publications, 32 Union Square, Room 804, New York 10003. Copyright 1966 by Dialog Publications, Inc."

On July 2, 1966, a second source advised that JOSEPH FELSHIN attended the 18th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA) held in New York City, from June 22 through June 26, 1966, as a delegate.

A third source advised on July 27, 1966, that JOSEPH NORTH, a delegate to the 18th National Convention of the CP, USA, held in New York City, from June 22 through June 26, 1966, was elected to the National Committee of the CP, USA, on June 26, 1966.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on March 20, 1967, lists "Dialogue Publications, Inc." as being located at 32 Union Square, New York, New York.

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning "Mainstream":

"Mainstream *



#### APPENDIX (CONT'D)

2.

#### "AMERICAN DIALOG" (CONTINUED)

- "1. The Communist Party 'is regularly putting out *** Mainstream --- monthly cultural and literary organ published in New York.'
  (Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, p. 9)".
- * Beginning with the September, 1956 issue, the name of this publication was changed from "Masses and Mainstream" to "Mainstream".





1.

#### AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR MARXIST STUDIES

A source advised on April 9, 1963, that on April 7, 1963, at a meeting of the District Committee of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), of New England, held in Boston, Massachusetts, HERBERT APTHEKER stated he was developing an organization called American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS), which would eventually legalize the CP. He stated AIMS would publish literature on History, Science, Physics, Archeology and other subjects which would be put out quarterly with various supplements.

A second source advised on June 30, 1966, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee, CPUSA, at the 18th National Convention of the CPUSA, held June 22-26, 1966, in New York City.

A third source advised on June 7, 1963, that on June 3, 1963, HERBERT APTHEKER spoke at the CPUSA, New York District Board meeting concerning AIMS. APTHEKER stated that AIMS would unite and strengthen the CP although the CP would not be connected with it. He stated AIMS was being formed to operate within the scope of the McCarran and Smith Acts and would legally bring Marxist material and opinions to the attention of American scholars and the general public.

A fourth source reported on August 29, 1966, that AIMS issues a "Newsletter" every other month. This source also made available the information that AIMS issues publications and holds symposiums concerning Marxism.

A fifth source advised on May 9, 1967, that as of that date, AIMS was located on the fifth floor west of 20 West 30th Street, New York, New York.



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NATION OF ISLAM, FORMERLY REFERRED TO AS THE MUSLIM CULT OF ISLAM, ALSO KNOWN AS MUHAMMAD'S TEMPLES OF ISLAM

In January, 1967, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD had described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

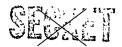
On May 5, 1967, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOT is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by ALLAH, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils", in the United States; and the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

-14-



2

#### NATION OF ISLAM (CONTINUED)

On May 2, 1966, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, in early July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.





l.

#### ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

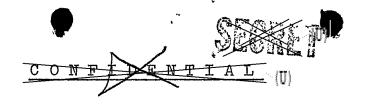
On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOIM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights", while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics, and social reform.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a confidential source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth, the organization's true name will be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.



2.

#### APPENDIX

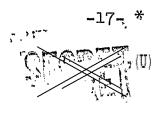
#### ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On February 28, 1966, a second confidential source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is ELLA COLLINS, a half-sister of the late MALCOLM X, who resides in Harlem, New York.

On May 8, 1967, the first confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of ELLA COLLINS.

Characterizations of MMI and NOI are set out separately.







In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT ( USTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

DEC 11 167

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

Title

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Character

Reference

SECURITY MATTER-C

is made to the report of

Special Agent

at New York, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.



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In Reply, Please Refer to File No. BUfile 97-4575 NYfile 97-2204

TATES DEPARTMENT O!



AL BUREAU OF INVESTI-Jew York, New York April 5, 1967

SUBJECT:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

REFERENCE:

11/23/66 NY REPORT

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence:

223 West 137th Street New York, New York

Employment:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

FD-122 DETACHE

APR 6 1967

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

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## UNIT D STATES DEPARTMENT OF JU

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York January 21, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Bufile 97-4575 NYfile 97-220L

SUBJECT:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

REFERENCE:

NY REPORT 12/11/67

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence:

Employment:

Secretary-Treasurer

M. X. Associates

ADD:

Book Publishing

223 West 137th Street New York, New York

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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" UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York August 4, 1970

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. Bufile 97-4575 NYfile 97-2204

SUBJECT:

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

CHARACTER:

SM-C

REFERENCE:

MEMORANDUM 1/21/69

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence:

Employment:

Director, African Heritage Delete:

Program, Haryou-Act 181 West 135th Street New York, New York

Professor of Black and Puerto Rican Add:

Studies, Hunter College

Lexington Avenue and 68th Street

New York, New York

97-4575

NOT RECORDED FD-122 DETACHED

REQ. RÉC'D

HOW FORW.

AUG 6 1970

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DATE FORW.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-06-2014 FBI INFORMATION ONLY



Main File No: 97-4575

Date: 4/5/68

Subject: John Henrik Clarke

Date Searched: 8/21/67

All logical variations of subject's name and aliases were searched

and identical references were found as:

John Henrik Clarke 🗸

John Clark John H. Clar

John Henrik Clark

John Henry Clark J. H. Clarke √

John Clarke John H. Clarke John Heinrik Clanke John Hendrik Clarke John Henrick Clarke John Henry Clarke

This is a summary of information obtained from a review of all "see" references to the subject in Bureau files under the names and aliases listed above. All references under the above names containing data identical with the subject have been included except any indicated at the end of this summary under the heading REFERENCES NOT INCLUDED IN THIS SUMMARY.

THIS SUMMARY HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR USE AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AND IS NOT SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION. IT IS DESIGNED TO FURNISH A SYNOPSIS OF THE INFORMATION SET OUT IN EACH REFERENCE, IN MANY CASES THE ORIGINAL SERIAL WILL CONTAIN THE INFORMATION MORE DETAIL.

Analyst

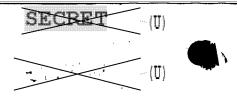
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Approved

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#### ABBREVIATIONS

	Additional information appearing in this reference which pertain to John Henrik Clarke can be found in the main file or elsewhere in this summary.
FPCC	Fair Play For Cuba Committee
NYSMS	New York School For Marxist Studies
SCEF	Southern Conference Educational Fund

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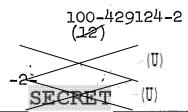
By letter dated 6/7/50 advised that she had been asked to write articles for a new magazine, "Harlem Quarterly", published by the Quarterly Associates, NYC. She stated she was concerned with learning whether the officers, including John H. Clarke, Associate Editor, were communist, a communist front, or in any way affiliated with communists. Her Congressman had suggested that she write the FBI.

On 6/14/50 was advised regarding the confidential nature of information in Bureau files.

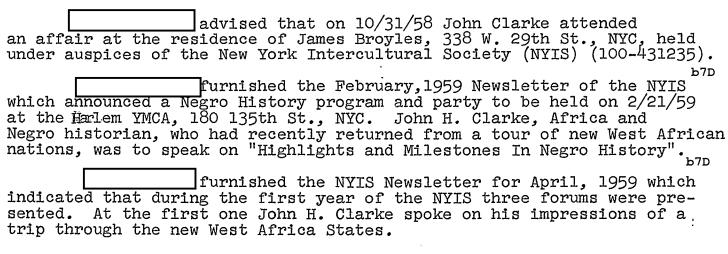
100-0-24648 (14)

The 3/16/58 issue of "The Worker", page 15, and the 3/17/58 issue of the "National Guardian", page 11, carried an announcement which stated that on 3/14/58 the Bedford Community Forum (BCF) (100-429124) would present a review of Alphaeus Hunton's "Decision in Africa" at Paragon Hall, Brooklyn, N.Y. The book was to be reviewed by John H. Clarke, feature writer on Africa for the "Pittsburgh Courier".

furnished a flyer of the BCF which announced that on 4/25/58 there would be a review and discussion of the book, "Black Bourgeoisie" by Dr. E. Franklin Frazier, at Paragon Hall. John H. Clarke was listed as one of the BCF Co-directors.







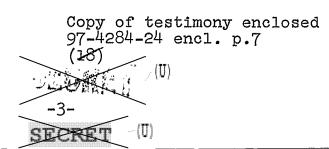
There was no pertinent information identifiable with Clarke in the NY files other than that set forth above.

b7D

On 11/18/60 observed a letter to "Dear Friend", from the Student Council of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (97-4428), at the headquarters of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) NYC, which was intended for circulation by the SWP. The letter stated that the FPCC was established the previous April by a group of distinguished writers, artists, journalists and professionals including John Henrik Clarke. The purpose of the organization was set out.

On 5/20/60 an anonymous source made available a letterhead of the "Committee to Present the Truth About the Name Negro", 141 West 125th St., NYC, which contained the names of the Organizing Committee. Included was the name of John Clarke.

On 1/6/61 Charles A. Santos-Buch, M.D. (97-4284), 1315 York Ave., NYC, testified before Executive Session of SISS, Washington, D.C. that he was one of the founders of the FPCC. He stated that he did not know John Henrik Clarke.





The following references in the file captioned "Fair Play For Cuba Committee" set forth information regarding John Henrik Clarke, a member of the organization, whose name appeared as one of the sponsors of an advertisement in the "NY Times" on 4/6/60, entitled "What Is Really Happening In Cuba?". Clarke was one of the individuals invited to attend a reception sponsored by the FPCC for Fidel Castro, Cuban Prime Minister, in NYC on 9/22/60. Clarke's name also appeared on an advertisement of the FPCC entitled "Cuba - A Declaration of Conscience by Afro-Americans" which appeared in the 4/25/61 issue of the "NY Post" As of 5/21/61 Clarke's name was on the addressograph plates of the FPCC. Background data was set out.

#### REFERENCE

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

97-4196-3 p.1 -13 encl. p.5 (summary 4/21/60) -14 encl. p.14,15 (summary 4/11/60) -33 p.6,19 -129 p.9 -380 p.7 -500 encl. p.1 -A "NY Post" 4/25/61 97-4196-34-38 p.9

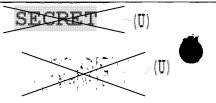
advised that John H. Clarke, historian and teacher on Africa, was a speaker on 5/28/61 at a rally sponsored by the Harlem Peoples Council for Africa which was a provisional name and represented the Provisional Committee For a Free Africa, aka (100-434783). The rally was held at the United Mutual Auditorium, NYC, for the purpose of protesting against South Africa's apartheid program.

> 100-434783-3 ŠI 100-434783-6 SI 105-0-A "The Worker" Page 12

The Summer, 1961 issue of "Freedomways", published by Freedomways Associates, NYC, stated that John Henrik Clarke whose "Journey to the Sierra Maestra" which appeared in the Spring issue, was a serious student of African history. He had made several visits to that continent and was presently working on a book about Africa.

> Publications "Freedomways" Summer, 1961, p.228

b7D



The 7/25/61 issue of "Liberator", published by the Liberation Committee For Africa (105-98055), listed John H. Clarke as a member of its editorial board.

8/3/61	advised that on John H. Clarke. was

Add. info.

b6

105-98055-9 p.1,4,14 (9,15) b7C b7D

advised that during February, 1962 John Henry Clarke, member of the staff of "Freedomways", communicated with Julian Mayfield (100-412872), c/o of Dr. A.L. Cordero, Accra, Ghana, and expressed appreciation for papers and pamphlets. He stated that "Freedomways" was planning a special issue on Africa and Mayfield was being appointed their scout in Ghana to insure that worthwhile contributions were received from Ghana. Clarke hoped that Mayfield would give "Shirley" whatever help was necessary in securing this material. He added that copies of "Freedomways" would be sent by air express soon.

The Winter, 1962 issue of "Freedomways" listed Shirley Graham as its editor.

100-412872-32 p.4 (20)

b6 b7C b7D

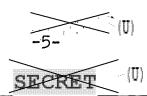
Brooklyn, attended a meeting of the New York Intercultural Society held 2/12/62, at which John Henrik Clarke was the guest speaker (place not indicated).

100-419455-9 p.9

b7D

advised that on 7/22/62 and 8/5/62 Anne Braden, of the SCEF (100-10355), Louisville, corresponded with John Henrik Clarke, "Freedomways", NYC, regarding condensation of a paper on the "White Southerner".

100-10355-1014 p.28 (18)





					advis	sed	that	Joh	n He	nrick	Clar	cke co	orresp	onde	ed w	ith
Dais	y Bat	es (	100-	4289	27) d	luri	ng 1	Decem	ber,	1963	and	expre	essed	disa	appo	int-
										visi						ed
										Bois)	and	asked	l that	it	be	
retu	rned	afte	r it	: had	serv	ređ	its	purp	ose.							

100-428927-9 p.7

b7D

advised that on 12/30/63 John Henrik Clarke was in contact with Tvanhoe Donaldson, c/o of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, Atlanta. Clarke thanked him for inquiring about the type of material needed for the next issue of "Freedomways" which was to be devoted to the Southern Freedom Movement. Clarke stated he would read and pass on to other members of the staff of "Freedomways" an article he had received from Donaldson.

157-6-2-1619

b6 b7C b7D

advised that on 1/9/64 who was unknown to source, was in contact with John Henrik Clarke. Clarke expressed disgust with the activities of Jack O'Dell and Esther Jackson of "Freedomways".

There was no record in the New York Office indices for

ices for

Add. info.

100-3-116-754 (18)

b7D

advised that on 1/12/64 John Henrik Clarke asked Martin Luther King (100-106670), as well as heads of other civil rights organizations, to submit a short statement explaining the nature of their involvement in the Southern freedom movement, for the winter issue of "Freedomways."

100-106670-364 p.50 (28)







advised that on 3/25/64

Program Director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference,
Atlanta) contacted John Clark of "Freedomways" and placed an order for issues of the magazine.

100-3-116-1166 (49)

The following references in the file captioned "Student Committee On Progressive Education" (SCOPE) set forth planned courses and instructors. The 1963 Fall Term Bulletin of the NYSMS indicated that the period October 11 to November 25, 1963 included "African History" by John Henrik Clarke. The 1964 Spring bulletin included during the period 4/10/64 - 5/25/64, "Africa At The Threshhold Of The Twentieth Century" by Clarke.

Information indicated that SCOPE was the student section of the NYSMS, NYC.

REFERENCE

 $\{U\}$ 

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

100-428691-37 p.9,10 -38 p.8,13

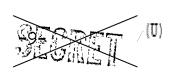
(20)

h7D

advised that on 6/14/64 John Henrik Clarke wrote to Elizabeth Catlett Mora (100-395934), Mexico, D.F. regarding an article entitled "Four Rebels In Art". This article appeared in the Spring 1964 issue of "Freedomways" which she should have received, and which would be republished in a book he was editing for Seven Seas Publishers in Germany, entitled "Harlem: U.S.A." Clarke explained that Mora was one of the rebels and the publishers had asked him to obtain a picture of Mora and photographs of her painting and sculpturing and her permission to use the pictures in the book. Clarke hoped she would agree to this request.

100-395934-78p.19 (20)

The following references in the file captioned "American Institute For Marxist Studies", (AIMS) indicated that John Henrik Clarke was one of the founding members of the organization, organized at meetings held in NYC on 12/19/63 and 1/10/64, and was a contact of Herbert Aptheker, the National Director. Clarke was an instructor at the NYSMS for the Fall term, 1963. As of 8/14/64 he was identified as an Associate of AIMS.



## REFERENCE

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

100-437988-91 p.8,9 -128 p.16 -158 p.11,30,53,75 (64) (28) b6 (28) b7c

The following references in the file captioned indicated that he was considered to be a member of the National Committee, CP and affiliated with "Freedomways". Information was set forth regarding the contacts of John Henrik Clarke with and Esther Jackson, Managing Editor of "Freedomways", in connection with articles or other matters relating to the magazine during the approximate period 11/18/62 - 5/6/64. The Winter 1964 issue of "Freedomways" NYC, identified Clarke as associate editor of "Freedomways".

# REFERENCE

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

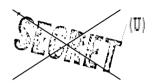
100-358916-226 p.9 -285 p.7,8 -289 p.4,5 (19) (19,12) (19)

advised that on 1/6/65. John Henrik Clarke contacted (105-106581) of NYC, regarding the possibility of her visiting Cuba for the purpose of writing a series of non-political articles for "Freedomways", on the Afro-Cubans in Cuba society and the work of one "Freedomways" had b7c decided to commission her to write the articles and Clarke asked that b7D she let them know when she could start the project.

105-106581**-**19 (30)

made available a photograph of a letter dated b7c 1/13/65 bearing the heading of the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs, NYC, (W.E.B. b7D Du Bois Clubs of America - 100-441164-6), to John Henrik Clarke. The letter, from as "Chairman, West Side DuBois Club", referred to Clarke's request for an up-to-date list of all the Du Bois Clubs, which in turn, had been forwarded to the National Office in San Francisco. was hopeful that Clarke received the list, but in case he had not she was attaching a list she had in her own file.

100-441164-6-7 **(28)** 



According to the informant the organization planned to collect funds for the erection of a permanent memorial to Lumumba in the heartland of Africa, as a symbol of Pan-African solidarity.

The serial indicated that Patrice Lumumba was the former Premier of the Congo (Leopoldville).

105-0-14662 encl. p.2,5

The following references set out information regarding John Henrik Clarke, Associate Editor of "Freedomways", and his contacts with Felix Augustus Cummings (64-30428), a representative of the British Guiana Government in the US and correspondent for "Thunder", a British Guiana publication, during the approximate period 2/13/64 - 12/9/65. Clarke was planning a special for "Freedomways" devoted to the West Indies and the contacts appeared to be for the purpose of obtaining information from Cummings regarding the article. On 7/1/64 Cummings, an associate of Soviet representatives at the UN, indicated he had entertained the "Press Corps" including Clarke. The two discussed Cummings' appearance before the Committee of Twenty Four at the UN. Clarke stated he would determine whether "Freedomways" would mail material for Cummings which could not be mailed from the British Guiana Public Relations Office. Set forth was a list of close friends of Cummings in the NYC area as of 12/9/65 on whom he could if necessary obtain financial assistance or other assistance he might require in the conduct of his business. The list included James Clarke* of "Freedomways".

## REFERENCE

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

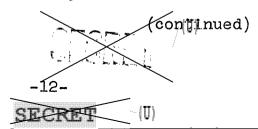
64-30438-102 p.21,22 -119 p.6,7 -128 p.27,38,39 -239 p.7,16,30

(3,17)

*Believed to refer to John Clarke.

b6 b7C

On 2/1/66 the Northern Student Movement (NSM) (100-440973) appeared on the Joe Rainey "talk show" on Station WDAS, Philadelphia, a Negro orientated program, during which the aims, purposes and goals of the civil rights movement were discussed. quoted John Clark a writer, and author of the book "Harlem In



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(continued)
REFERENCE
                                                             SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER
100-434819-85
                                                                                2.227
             -102
             -103
-104
             -106 p.2,7,9,11,19,20,23,25,27,32,34-36,40,42,43,45,54-58
             -108
             -109
             -111
             -112
             -113
             -114
             -115
-116
             -117
-118
             -119
             -120
             -124
             -125 p.3,4,8,12,15,22,23,29,30
-126
             <del>-</del>128
             -129
             -130
             -147
             -149
             -151
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Single (U)

(continued)

### REFERENCE

# SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

100-434819-152 -153 -154 -155	p.1 encl. 1-5	(26) (26) (26) (26)
-156 -161 -162 -163 -165		(26) (7,26) (7,26) (26) (13,26)
	p.4,5,16,23,32,42,43,47-49	(8,13,27) (33) (13,27) (27)
-174 -176 -177 -179		(23) (13) (13) (27)
-180 -181 -182 -184	p.1,2 encl. p.1-4 p.C,4,5,15,16,32,35,37,40, 41,42,43,44	(8,13) (13,27) (27) (37)
	p.3,8,13,14,26,28,30-34 p.B,C,2,3,10,16	(27) (8,27) (8,28,40) (28) (8,14,28)

b7D

On 2/23/67 advised that John H. Clark, 333 Lafayette Ave., Brooklyn, NY was an active member of the Brooklyn chapter of The Congress of Racial Equality (100-225892).

100-225892-908 p.112

The following references in the file captioned "Communist Influence In Racial Matters" set forth information during the approximate period 10/21/63-5/21/67, regarding the contacts and activities of John Henrik Clarke, identified as Associate Editor of "Freedomways", NYC, and "associate" of the American Institute of For Social Studies, in connection





with the Negro freedom movement. Clarke was in contact with various individuals including affiliates of civil rights organizations regarding "Freedomways" and solicited articles for publication in various issues regarding the freedom movement. Clarke was one of the initiating sponsors of a large Afro-American Conference to be held in NYC during May 19-21,1967 which was planned by the CP.

## REFERENCE

# SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

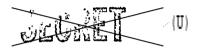
100-442529-265 p.159,161,629 (Index p.848)	(28)
-388 p.12 -393	(29) (29)
-570 p.12 -578 p.25	(58) (44)
-590 p.78 -726 p.79,82,86,128 -806	(29) b6
<b>-</b> 2119	(29) b7c b7d

On 7/16/67 advised that the Ad Hoc Committee of Afro-American Artists and Writers held a press conference at 626 Riverside Drive, NYC, the residence of of a new "militant" magazine entitled "Onvx". at which a press release was prepared protesting the arrest of (100-425307) on 7/14/67 at Newark, N.J. Set forth was a copy the press release entitled "Statement Concerning The Arrest of Poet-Playwright and Recent Events In Newark, N.J.", which demanded the release of complete dropping of charges, and for respects for the rights of artists and intellectuals to express opinions held unpopular by the established Government. These demands were being submitted to city officials of Newark. A list of the Committee members was set out which included John Henrik Clarke and

100-425307-49 encl. p.5,10 (20)

A Foreign Broadcast Information Service Daily Report - Latin America, 7/18/67, set forth information released by "Prensa Latina", Havana, 7/17/67, regarding support of U.S. Negro leaders in connection with the first conference of the Latin American Solidarity Organization





Conference, Havana, Cuba, (105-149973). Information indicated that John Henrik Clarke, associate editor of "Freedomways", had offered his support "and any aid necessary which my group might give to the participants in the conference".*

*7/28/67 - 8/5/67

The following references on John Henrik Clarke and John Henrick Clarke located in files maintained in the Special File Room of the Records Branch Files and Communications Division, were reviewed and found to be identical with the subject of this summary; however, the information contained therein has not been included:

REFERENCE

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

105-67845-18690 -19357

-19790

-21575



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#### REFERENCES NOT INCLUDED IN THIS SUMMARY

The following references on John H. Clarke, John Clarke and John Henrik Clark were not available at the time this summary was being prepared:

REFERENCE

SEARCH SLTP PAGE NUMBER

100-439190-91 p.21

-152

-359 p.16

-567 p.34



REFERENCES

SEARCH SLIP PAGE NUMBER

100-439190-786 -847 encl. p.5 -926



See the search slip filed behind file for other references on this subject which contain the same information (SI) that is set out in the main file. Differences in source will be noted on the search slip.

-19-

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA 7PMR (41 CFR) 101-1 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 7/9/70 SAC, CHICAGO SUBJECT: HENRIK CLARK IS-R Re Chicago b7C captioned b7D who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that during the period 1954-56, he had become acquainted with HENRIK CLARK who was a person very active in the Negro communities in the New York area. CLARK had been at many cocktail parties which were sponsored by the African nations. The source said that at one point he recalled having the impression that CLARK might have had Soviet connections. He said he had based this impression on having observed CLARK at a Russian circus performance in New York City, being noted that many of the people from the United Nations. especially those who were friendly in their attitude toward the Soviet Union, were given free tickets by the Russians for this affair. Source acknowledged that such opinion was very tenuous.

> The source could not recall that he had submitted any information regarding CLARK to his Soviet principal. (3)

2 - Bureau (RM)

2 - New York (RM)

1 - Chicago

LGA: nan

TO

FROM

REC-33

EX-115

JUL 13 1979

CLASSIFIED BY 600 CONTS OCEDING DECLASSIFY ON: 25

SECRET (U)

b7D

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Pursuant to prior Bureau instructions, New York should initiate a separate investigation, in the absence of any existing case, to identify HENRIK CLARK and to consider conducting further investigation if it is felt that he may be engaged in any activities which would be detramental to the best interests of the United States.

Chicago should be furnished the results of New York's evaluation and with a summary of the results of any investigation directed to Chicago

b7D

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-06-2014

# Memorandum



TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 9/11/70

Magn:

SAC, NEW YORK (105-109861) (P)

SUBJECT:

 $\{U\}$ 

HENRIK CLARK

IS-R

CLASSIFIED BY CO267NIS BEEDING DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 7/19/19

Re Chicago letter 7/9/70; NY letter 8/26/70 to

Chicago.

who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised SA JOHN T. MULHERN on 8/28/70, that one JOHN H. CLARKE, Associated Editor of Freedomways Magazine, 799 Broadway, NYC, had applied for and had been issued a United Nations Ground Pass on 7/24/63, good until 10/24/63, as an accredited Correspondent. CLARKE was described as being Negro.

The current Manhattan telephone directory carries one listing in the name of JOHN H. CLARKE at 223 West 137th St., NYC, telephone number 862-8187.

Records of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York checked on 9/2/70, reflect that as of 3/22/68, JOHN HENRIK CLARKE (EUGENIA) were residing at 223 W. 137th St., NYC. He previously resided at 333 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. He was said to be Director of Heritage Program at Haryou-Act Inc., 18 W. 135th St., NYC. His wife was reported as being a teacher employed by the New York City Board of Education.

A review of the indices of the NYO reflects a voluminous case file on JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, SM-C (NYfile 97-2204, Bufile 97-4575). Also located was a case file on Freedomways Associates Incorporated, IS-C (Bufile 100-434819, NY file 100-144189, Chicago file 100-38503) in which JOHN HENRIK CLARKE is prominently mentioned and his activities reported.

EX 110

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Bureau (RM)

2 - Chicagd l - New York REC-39

(Encls. 2) (RM)

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NY 105-109861

Review of the CLARKE file disclosed he is a Negro, born 1/1/1915, at Union Hill, Alabama, is 5'6" in height, 165 pounds, has black hair, brown eyes, dark complexion.

He has been an Associate Editor of Freedomways Magazine for a number of years and in November, 1965, was also Director of African Heritage Program at Haryou-Act, New York City. As of August, 1970, CLARKE was no longer affiliated with Haryou-Act, but was then a Professor of Black and Puerto Rican studies at Hunter College, New York City.

It is believed that JOHN HENRIK CLARKE is the individual referred to as HENRIK CLARK by Enclosed herewith are two photographs of JOHN HENRIK CLARKE taken from his case file, and obtained in 1965.

b7D

Chicago should exhibit these to the informant for appropriate identification. If the identification is made, New York will then prepare a more detailed summary of information from CLARKE's file and furnish same to Chicago. The photographs need not be returned, if identification is made.



GSA GEN REG. NO. 27 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memoranam

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DIRECTOR, FBI

CHANGED

SUBJECT

(0)

OCT 2 0 1970

CHICAGO (105-30924) (RUC)

FX-110

b7D

JOHN HENRIK CLARKE

IS-R

00:NY

The title is changed to show the true name of this subject as JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, which was established by photographic Adentification. was formerly shown as HENRIK CLARK.

Re New York letter 9/11/70 and Chicago letter 9/15/70 (IO) entitled HENRIK CLARK which suggested that the subject of this investigation was very likely

identical with JOHN HENRIK CLARKE, an associate editor of the "Freedomways Magazines".

On October 7, 1970, was shown the photograph of the subject which was submitted in re-

ferenced New York letter and positively identified this person as the individual regarding whom he had furnished information. In view of this identification

no further investigation is deemed warranted or will be conducted by Chicago.

2/- Bureau (RM)

2 - New York (105-109861) (RM)

3 - Chicago 1 - A

1 - 100-38503 (FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, I

LGA:svw

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OCT 22 1970

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